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GOIN' HOME TO MARY.

Birds seem singin' all the way
Goin' home to Mary;
Roses on a winter's day,
Goin' home to Mary.
I can hear my heart keep time
With the bells that sweetly chime;
Happiest man that lives when I'm
Goin' home to Mary!

Far away her smile I see,
Goin' home to Mary;
How it lights the way for me,
Goin' home to Mary!
There, in groves where nests the dove,
In a cot with blooms above,
Still she lights the lamps o' love—
Goin' home to Mary!

Down the walk come patterin' feet,
Goin' home to Mary;
Children's arms an' kisses sweet,
Goin' home to Mary.
Rob comes climbin' to my knee,
Katie wants a kiss from me;
"Loves me all the world," says she,
Home with love an' Mary!

Shine the lights for evermore,
Goin' home to Mary!
Love still leads me to the door,
Goin' home to Mary.
For her sake my toil is sweet,
For her sake my heart'll beat
Till it's dust beneath her feet—
Goin' home to Mary!

—Frank L. Stanton, in Chicago Times-Herald.

THE TRAIN CANNOT WAIT

She is just 18, with golden hair and gray eyes—large gray eyes that laugh just as well as her red lips; her figure, though a little frail, makes one think what a pretty woman she will be soon. Her hands and arms are those of a child—is she not still a child? Clara left school but a fortnight ago. She is the beloved and only daughter of a rich miller in the neighborhood of Avesnes.

Nothing is more poetical than a mill in the country. It does not disturb the silence of the air with its monotonous tic-tac; on the contrary, its noise, strong and regular, is like an accompaniment to the many other noises of the wind, and of the trees, and of the birds. Clara was charmed with it all.

During a few days after her arrival the whole house was upset, making and receiving calls, dinner parties, dancing parties, lawn tennis; the days were not long enough to hold their pleasures. Then all was quiet at the mill.

In the orchard, which was large, the walks were spread over with sand, and the trees, loaded with fruit, afforded a beautiful shady grove. This was Clara's favorite nook; here she would go and read poetry. She had been given the works of Lamartine, beautifully bound. Now, Lamartine, is a very tender poet, and Clara was still in her teens, and this was summer, and the fragrance of the flowers and the murmur of the breeze acted on her young mind; and through this book she would dream of things she had never dreamed of before.

One day her mother asked her if she remembered her cousin Albert.

"Oh, yes, indeed," said she. This answer came from her heart; she blushed and from her neck to her brow she felt that sort of electricity that is produced by a little shame and a great pleasure.

"Well," said her mother, "you will see him very soon."

Clara was about to say: "Oh, how glad I am!" but she thought it more proper to say nothing.

And why was she silent? I will tell you. It was because she had read Lamartine. Why! does poetry make one false? Well, I don't know, but it speaks of love—and what is love?

"Well," said Clara, "I have not seen him for two years. I suppose he is changed!"

"Not more than you," said her mother, casting a loving glance of admiration to her daughter: "you were a little girl when you went away—you are a young lady now."

Clara ran off to her beloved grove to hide the blushes on her cheeks and the beatings of her heart. She sat down, drew from her pocket her volume of poetry, but read not a line.

Albert arrived a few days before he was expected, but she was thinking of him. She always had roses on her cheeks, but these roses changed into peonies when she saw him, and her hands trembled. He took hold of those hands and kissed her on both cheeks.

He was a medical student who had not yet in his brain the least thought of anything serious; he had suddenly discovered in himself a vocation for the beautiful science of Aesculapius, that he might go to Paris to spend a few years of his life and waste a few thousands of his father's francs.

"Ah! little cousin," said he, "you are pretty now. Why, I am afraid I shall fall in love with you."

She looked at him, not knowing what to say.

"Have you forgotten the good times we had in this garden, and over there in the woods?"

"Oh, no," said she.

"And when we would go rowing and I would scare you by swinging to and fro in the boat to capsize you?"

"Oh, no, I remember it all."

"Then why don't you put your arms around my neck and say pleasant things to me as you did then?"

"I don't know," she faltered.

Then he said to himself: "This cousin of mine must be a little simpleton."

"Well," said he, aloud, "and what is this book?"

"Lamartine. It is beautiful."

"I don't think so. I think it stupid"—then seeing that she was somewhat abashed, he added: "Why does it displease you that I should not care for Lamartine?"

"Because I love his poems."

"Well, if I read poetry I want Alfred de Musset. I shall send you his works when I get to Paris."

At this moment they heard a quick and firm step on the sandy walk, and a young man came upon them:

"Excuse me, mademoiselle," said he, "I have just learned that Albert is here and I have come to shake hands."

An old saying came to Clara's mind: "Two is company; three is a crowd." She was too well behaved to say it, so she left the two young men together When alone she reflected that Albert was a very nice cousin, and might make a very good husband; as for his friend—well, he was a very good looking man and might be a very nice fellow—but what a difference between the two.

"Your cousin is a charming girl," said Jack.

"Oh, yes, but she is only a school girl."

"Well, what else can she be? She is just out of school and not a woman yet. Do you know what were my thoughts as I looked at you both?

"How can I know?"

"I was thinking that you would make a pretty couple."

"Now, Jack, what harm have I ever done you that you should want to chain me down?"

"Are you not 25?"

"Is that old age?"

"Would you give an old man to your cousin, who will be only 19 next year?"

"In two years she will be 20—that will be better still. Then I will be a serious man and an M. D. Clara is a good match; our fortunates are about equal. I think I might make a living in this country. Well, who knows what may happen one day? I have plenty of time to think of it."

"I think your cousin deserves better than that, and you ought to be in love with her."

"What! Love at first sight! I do think Clara is pretty, but—plenty of time—plenty of time!"

Everybody seemed happy at the mill; even Clara, who listened with pleasure to the compliments of her cousin whenever he chanced to be with her, and she thought him so witty that she quite forgot to show her own wit before him.

In the meantime she was hoping that he would propose before going back to Paris, but the last day dawned, and he had not said the least word about marriage. She hoped till the last hour; then, till the last minute.

Albert gave kisses all around and said to her: "I will come back next year. I will write to you, and send Musset's works, as I promised."

She plucked up courage and said to him:

"Is that all you want to promise, Albert?"

He understood what she meant, but would not promise more, and as his eyes rested on the clock he said:

"Good-by, cousin; the train is here—it cannot wait."

The life of a student, especially that of a student who does not study, is just as tiresome as any other.

There comes a time when he gets tired of beer, wine and cigars.

Albert was in one of his dark days; since morning he had felt cross, and would not even smoke; his pipe lay on the table with a pile of books and dusty papers. His tobacco pouch reminded him of Clara—she had embroidered it for him during the week he had spent with her. Then he was also reminded that he had promised to write and send Musset's works; he felt badly at these thoughts, and remorse made him go out to repair his forgetfulness.

There is a knock at the door; the servant brings up a letter to him; it is from his mother.

His drowsiness gives way as he reads the lines; he gets up in a passion, upsetting the table and everything upon it.

Clara is to be married, and in a week, too; and he is expected to attend the wedding.

"And whom does she marry, I wonder?" exclaims he; "some common country lad, I suppose. No, it cannot be! I must go there and stop it; she cannot be sacrificed in this way!"

Two hours later he started with a valise in one hand and a bundle under one arm; it was Musset's works.

Clara met him at the garden gate; she was looking as fresh as the flowers, and he, being conceited, thought that the happiness expressed on her face was due to his presence. She was less timid than last year and a little stouter, one could read her heart through her gray eyes and her smiles.

"Is what I hear true, Clara?"

"Certainly. I was about to write to you. I want you here for the wedding."

"It is impossible!"

"Quite possible and true."

"With whom?"

"With Jack, of course."

"Ah, the scoundrel! There is nothing like a friend to betray one."

"Why, Albert, what a short memory you have. Poor Jack would not speak of love before he was quite sure of your feelings toward me. I am very thankful that you set him at liberty to speak. I am so proud and happy at being loved by such a noble heart."

Albert threw his bundle on the table.

"What is that?" asked Clara.

"Musset's works. I had promised them to you."

"You are too late, cousin. Jack gave them to me long ago, as I was complaining of your forgetfulness."

"Tell me, Clara—this is all a dream, is it not? You are not going to marry Jack?"

She laughed. "And why not?" she said.

"Because I love you; because if you mean to marry Jack I start by the first train, and you shall never see me again."

She looked at the clock, as he had done the year before, and said, archly:

"Then hurry up, cousin, for the train is here, and it cannot wait."—N. O. Times-Democrat.

SOLID GOLD TOILET SET.

Property of the Khedive Incrusted with Precious Stones.

It is said that the only complete gold toilet set in the world belongs to the khedive of Egypt. Its exact value is not known, but it must be enormous, for the set is incrusted with diamonds and other precious stones. Egypt, by the way, has a debt of about $525,000,000, and besides the interest on this has to pay an annual tribute to the sultan of Turkey amounting to nearly $3,500,000. Despite this the present khedive has been following in the footsteps of his predecessors, whose extravagances brought about the present almost bankrupt condition of the country.

Each piece of the khedive's golden toilet set bears his monogram in diamonds. Upward of 3,000 diamonds and over 1,200 rubies were used in decorating these gorgeous adjuncts to the Egyptian ruler's dressing-table. The body of each of the 28 pieces is of 18-karat gold, and all are inclosed in a diamond-incrusted ebony case.

Taking Observations.

"Do you think he is going to propose?" said one girl.

"Yes," replied the other; "I am sure of it."

"Why?"

"He behaves just as he did before he proposed to me."—Washington Star.

DE MORES' DEATH.

The Famous Marquis Meets His Doom in the Soudan.

Well Known in This Country for His Connection with the Cattle Business in the West and His Fearlessness as a Fighter.

Particulars of the assassination of marquis de Mores have been telegraphed from Tunis. It appears that, warned by the French authorities in Tunis of the impossibility of passing through Tunisian Sahara, he gave a written promise to go to Gabes, Nefzaua, Berrezof, Birlaian and El Biodh, the most southerly French military post in Algeria. He had 18 European attendants, 45 camels, and 40,000 francs' worth of merchandise. At Nefzaua he turned off to the east, being apprehensive that a French officer had been sent to stop him, and he went close by the Tripoli frontier. At El Ouatia he met Tuaregs, who persuaded him to send back his escort and camels and take a Tuareg escort and camels. He retained three Arabs and five negroes.

At eight p. m. on the 8th inst., after waiting five days for the camels which he had paid for in advance, he resumed his march. The interpreter marched first, then M. de Mores, and next an Arab, and two negroes, all mounted on camels, while the convoy was 300 yards behind. After two miles march three of the Tuareg escort fell on M. de Mores. He shot one and the two others fled, but two Tuareg bands came up, one falling on the convoy and the other on M. de Mores. The latter and his followers made a desperate defense, and were at last massacred. The convoy was captured and four of the men in charge of it were carried off as prisoners, but they escaped, and on the 10th inst. reached the scene of the conflict, where they found the bodies of M. de Mores, two Arabs and two negroes, all stripped and covered with wounds.

Some months ago an Englishman traveling to Africa wrote me that he had attended lectures given in Tunis by Marquis de Mores in a crowded hall in the presence of high French officials. He added that the lecturer, attacking England with the impetuosity which always characterized him, proclaimed the necessity of an alliance between Islam and Christianity, between the crescent and the cross, ignoring the fact that the cross is the symbol of all Christendom, and not solely of Catholicism. The marquis then announced his intention to penetrate into the Soudan, where he had formed alliances, and to induce the African tribes to enter into a close alliance with France against English encroachments and covetousness. He had the strange idea of taking the Egyptian question, so to speak, from behind, and of bringing pressure to bear on England, not from France, but from Africa.

My correspondent thought that I ought to give publicity to such violent and aggressive language uttered before French officials against a friendly nation. I did not do so, for I knew the marquis to be an erratic man of vague ideas, somewhat deluded by an unbridled imagination, thirsting for action and notoriety, but at heart, in spite of this ungovernable excitement, fearless, generous and patriotic to a degree of hating whatever he thought to be in his country's way—a medieval brain fettered by modern restrictions like a madman by a tight waistcoat.

Whatever was out of the common pleased him. He was a Boulangist because this signified conspiring and overturning; he was an anti-Semite, because this harmonized with his medieval tendencies; he was mixed up in the grotesque Norton affair, because the scoundrels by whom he, in common with M. Deroulede, who is a man somewhat of the same type, had been drawn into it had made him believe that it was combating England. He had not the slightest inkling of the miserable origin and contemptible aim of that childish affair. In fact, he was always the dupe and paid the piper. He applied for money to his wife, an American heiress and to his father Duc de Vallambrosa, who eventually placed him under tutelage. He was always requiring funds, which disappeared in the hands of sharpers.

Nobody would be better entitled than I to judge him harshly. He pictured me in his delirious moments in fantastic and mythical guise. He imagined me ubiquitous, managing men and things quite unknown to me. But he was perfectly honest, listening to the vampires who deluded him with transparent fables, and one could not feel resentment against a man living under a constant nightmare. In the end, unable to revive the middle ages on European soil, he passed half the year in Africa, where Islam gave him the illusion of past ages. There he conceived the idea of stirring up the Soudan. He has sent money to the Tuaregs, and counted, as usual, on achieving imperishable fame. It was an attempt to turn the world back. His death is the logical sequence of his life, but nothing was commonplace in either his life or his death, and nothing base except those who preyed on him.—Paris Cor. London Times.

South Africa's Joan of Arc.

Cecil Armitage, a young Englishman in Ashantee, tells of a strange West African "Joan of Arc," who is equipping an army for King Prempeh. Her appearance is more impressive than beautiful, and, unlike the famous French Joan, whose features we know, this dusky amazon is said to have only one eye, one ear and one arm and to wear her hair hanging long. With one touch of her magic wand she can bring armies together, and in an engagement a brass pan is placed before her, into which all the bullets of the enemy can conveniently fall without hurting her brave soldiers.

Parental Sympathy.

Mr. Billus (waking suddenly in the dead of night)—What's all that bellowing about!

Mrs. Billus—It's poor little Johnny in the next room. He's crying with the stomach-ache. He ate too many dried apples for supper.

Mr. Billus (preparing to resume his slumbers)—I wish you would tell him not to make such a howling swell of himself! (Snores.)—Chicago Tribune.

BREAKING A BIKE.

BY FRANK H. BENSON.

When Horton said he had no trouble learning to ride a bicycle—just got on and rode right off—I believed him. Some people are too prosaically clever to ever half enjoy life, and Horton belongs to this class. I do not. When I became possessed of a brand-new "bike," I knew I was going to have trouble, and nerved myself therefor. I was not mistaken. I did have trouble.

Horton said he would come over and help me learn to ride. That's the trouble with clever people. I knew how Horton would help me to learn to ride. All clever people adopt the same methods.

He would lead the wheel out into the smooth road with an air of supreme mastery, steady it for me to mount, and, having enticed me to a seat on the treacherous machine, deliver himself in this wise:

"Now, take good hold of the handles—no, not too tight—they won't get away—just grasp them lightly but firmly; now put both feet on the pedals—steady now—don't be afraid, and—keep your balance." Then he tips the machine over to an angle of 75 degrees, gives me a start, and away I go. Now a bicycle that's well trained and knows it's mounted by a man who is its master would just as likely go at an angle of 75 degrees as any other way—I know because I have since taken pains to experiment. Not so a green and stubborn wheel that conceives it to be its duty to take the conceit out of a novice. Such a machine must be ridden exactly upright, both feet must sit exactly the same on the pedals, the handle bars must be grasped just so, and a thousand precautions must be taken that would cause that same wheel to feel insulted a month later.

That's why my machine don't go the way my clever instructor had calculated. Instead it makes one or two miserable wobbles, turns into the only rough piece of road in the vicinity, shakes itself uncomfortably a couple of times, and then smashes into the ground with a force entirely unwarranted by the degree of momentum it has attained while comparatively upright.

Then my friend comes up with a look of pained surprise on his face, as though I'd been going through all these maneuvers on purpose to disregard his instructions. He shows me just where the course I have pursued is diametrically opposed to his directions. Particularly he remarks that I must endeavor to keep my equilibrium. I thank him, perhaps facetiously, because a vigorous fall is not calculated to improve the temper, and remark that if he had only suggested that before it would have saved all the trouble. Then he gets offended, and I have to apologize. Then we try again.

This time I am tired and disgusted. My knowing instructor is perfectly cool, but much more disgusted than myself. He insists that I am about the worst pupil he has ever seen. Then he discovers that he has an engagement and must leave. I thank him presumably for helping me with the wheel, really for going. As he disappears from sight I take the wheel back to the house, slam the door on it viciously, and seek a place where I can rest and reflect.

Maybe I did Horton an injustice, but that's about the way I imagined that he would help me to learn to ride. I told him I didn't think I'd have any trouble; besides I had almost decided to make my first trial at night. This moonlight-ride idea of mine was one I had thought of long before I purchased the wheel. I love the moonlight. To me it seems most singularly fit that love-lorn youths should swear "by yon pale moon." There is no truth in Luna. She lies, she flatters and exaggerates. And yet we all must love her, for her falsehoods are of kindness. She draws the veil of charity over our shortcomings. The crude, unsightly nooks and crevices the sun, truth's mighty ally, delights to show, she passes by or touches with soft romantic light that makes the very things we most dislike by day at night seem beautiful. There is no stretch of nature's handiwork so mean, so rough and so devoid of charm but, touched by this divine magician's power, may be transformed into a fairy land.

I take my wheel out into the broad avenue that passes the house. The moonlight shimmers through the leaves of the tall poplars that align the road. A gentle breeze makes the leaves rustle and dance. The tall trees quiver; and, save for the rubbing of the branches and the soft murmur of the winds, all is silent. A sovereign feeling of independence possesses me. The world is sleeping. I am alone with nature and the delights of night are mine. I mount my wheel triumphantly and start down the vista that stretches before me. My wheel skims like a bird over the smooth road. I emerge from the tree-lined avenue to an open country, where broad grain fields stretch away into the hazy distance. The deceptive moonlight lends to the waving grain the appearance of a vast lake. My eyes drink in the beauty of the scene, and the fresh, bracing atmosphere fills me with a peculiar intoxication. I throw back my chest, drink deep the airy nectar. I feel as though I would like to scream, sing, anything to vent my exuberance—

Horton said I couldn't learn to ride at night. I'd be everlastingly running into chuck-holes and other obstacles, and if I didn't break my neck (which didn't so much matter), I would probably cause the bicycle irreparable damage. That's the way with Horton. Whenever I get any particularly attractive idea he always spoils it with some of his practical suggestions. Now, if his suggestions were not practical it wouldn't be so bad. I don't a bit mind suggestions from friends, when I can show them the utter folly of acting upon them, but it is not so with Horton. Whenever he makes a suggestion I have learned by experience that that particular suggestion had better be heeded. I never forgive him for spoiling my plans, but I find it prudent to act on his advice, so this time I sadly put away my idea of making my first trip on a wheel a nocturnal one. I must face the ordeal in the cruel veracity of sunlight.

I never could quite understand how every one in the neighborhood found out that on that particular day I was going to make my first attempt at conquering the unruly spirit of a soulless mechanism. It was after nightfall when I brought the wheel home. I thought the secret was my own and all things seemed propitious to a quiet contest between the wheel and myself, in which I should have won the laurels before the neighbors were apprised that the battle was on. To further insure this result I had for several days studied the manners of veteran riders, especially when leading their wheels. I flattered myself I had this pretty near perfection. As I led the wheel out to the street I even stopped to examine a spoke critically, in precisely the manner I had seen an expert do the day before. It was in vain. The audience was in waiting.

The prospect, as I looked up and down the street, appalled me. Every door and window seemed to have its occupants. Women waited patiently on front porches. Men lounged lazily over front gates. I don't believe that there was a house within four blocks that didn't have a man about it. And then—horrors! the street seemed infested with small boys. The small boy knows instinctively at what particular time and place a man is about to make a fool of himself, and he usually manages to be on hand to add zest to the performance. His comments on such occasions are not original, witty or wise, but are woefully effective.

I believe I am a brave man. I once voluntarily acted as judge of debate in a young ladies' literary society, and I stand ready, for a sufficient inducement, to be one of a committee on awards at a baby show. Nevertheless, this once I was frightened. Not at the wheel. I had an affectionate contempt for that airy-looking skeleton of wood and steel, but I object to being stared at, particularly when I feel as if I am going to make an exhibition of myself.

I put one foot firmly on the step, hopped along on the other, in the regulation style and stepped up. Now, I am certain that I had that wheel balanced all right. I had raised myself with extraordinary care, and if the wheel had been a steady-going machine of a year or so's service, it would have been all right. This was a new wheel, though, and its chief characteristic was concentrated villainy.

That's why, just as I got my foot well off the ground and was putting my sole dependence on the step, the thing lunged over. I expected to see the wheel broken to pieces, but it was not injured. It had a mission to perform yet, and could not afford to break until it had accomplished it. That mission was to preach to me the doctrine of the total depravity of inanimate things.

After picking up the wheel I looked around at my audience. I hardly expected applause, but thought I might reasonably look for mirth. I was even prepared to laugh heroically with them, but not a smile was visible. They all seemed interested, but not amused. They were reserving their merriment.

The next time I had better luck. I succeeded in getting on the seat. This made it more interesting for the spectators, because when the wheel lunged, ran around in circle and then collapsed, the situation was a good deal more ridiculous. As a source of amusement I saw it was going to be a success. After this fall, the men who had been lounging on the front gates sauntered up to where I was. The small boys, who had been viewing operations from a respetful distance, also drew around me. I was at the flood-tide of my misery.

I no longer regarded the bicycle as a soulless thing of steel, nickel and wood. It was a treacherous and emphatically animate monster to be put down at any cost. I grasped it savagely, placed it roughly in position and mounted. It threw me, but I tried again. I had forgotten the audience. The men advised, the boys jeered and the women laughed; I heard, I saw, but did not heed. I was mad. I was going to do or die, and several times the chances seemed greatly with the second alternative.

At last I got the wheel to go around. A thrill of joy went through me. I saw the landscape slip by. I felt myself passing rapidly through space. The crowd which I had feared I now disdained. I was leaving them far behind. I felt that until that moment I had not known life. The hitherto existing relation of space to time was radically altered. It was almost as though a new world had been opened to me, and chief among all my delights was victory. On I spun over the fine country road; at last I was master—

I ought to have noticed that gravel bed. Exaltation is a good thing in its place, but its place is not astride a brand new wheel. I picked myself up laboriously. The wheel was only partially ruined. Just a matter of bent pedals and crimped handle-bars. I was a good deal worse used up myself, but that didn't matter. I had conquered the wheel, and henceforth I knew I would be master of that or any other wheel; and I am.—Outing.

Hypnotism in Medicine.

The Journal of the American Medical Association has an editorial, the general trend of which is to show that hypnotism has had its day and is practically being laid upon the shelf, or, at least, its use confined to irregulars outside of the recognized school of medicine. This is a rather curious statement to make, at least if one measures the interest of a medical topic by the number of articles written about it. There are few subjects upon which German physicians are writing more monograms at present or in which they seem to take a more active interest. The sensational side of hypnotism is certainly dying out, but a certain practical side, which is represented by the word "suggestion," has undoubtedly come to stay and to be used in therapeutics.

Science Halts.

Layman—I understand that you have devoted your life to the study of disease germs.

Great Scientist (proudly)—I have.

Layman—Have you found a remedy for any of them?

Great Scientist—Well, no; but I have succeeded in finding good, long names for them all.—N. Y. Weekly.

—In the early years of the present century there were in the world 33 tons of silver to one of gold.

A MARYLAND SNAKE.

It Is Twenty-Six Feet Long and Eats Ducks Alive.

A gentleman residing out in Maryland near Hyattsville has been reading snake stories. The other day he came to town and announced that stories were stories, but that Maryland was the possessor of the biggest snake in this portion of the country. The statement, he said, was easily proved, and then he spoke as follows:

"Last Saturday as I was walking up the Little river from Riverdale, looking for raspberries, I noticed at a point about half a mile north of Collins' station, a flock of ducks making a terrible racket in the stream. I looked carefully and noticed something that at first appeared like a small stump floating in the water. The stump in a minute, however, resolved itself into a big snake, and in a second opened its mouth and seized one of the ducks. In starting off with the duck the body of the snake came to the surface. I have come in contact with a great many snakes in my time, but never before saw one like this. As near as I could judge it was about 26 or 27 feet long. It was striped in bands about two inches in width, running lengthwise of the body, the stripes being from a bright gold bronze to a light orange color, while just back of the eyes were two large diamond spots of a vermillion red color. As the snake left the water it passed up the east bank, which was about six feet high. It glided over the ground as fast as a man could run. I had no desire to follow it just then, but shortly after I crossed the river and took its track, which was very easy to follow, as where the ground was bare it looked as if a log had been dragged along. I followed the track about three-quarters of a mile to a bluff, and there I found his den. In walking by you would from seeing the hole at once say it was a fox's den, but I tell you right there in that hole there is the biggest snake in this part of the country."—Washington Star.

NEW YORK'S FOOD SUPPLY.

Enough Always on Hand to Withstand a Four-Month's Siege.

If the city of New York and the ighborhood district were to be besieged or in some other way entirely cut off from the outside world, and therefore deprived of the food supplies which in normal times come in daily in large quantities, how long would it be before the pinch of hunger would be felt? That is a very hard question to answer, for the reason that there are such inequalities of purchasing capacity in New York society that some go hungry in times of greatest prosperity for lack of means, while the great majority eat more than is good for them. Undoubtedly the number of those who always go hungry would be increased after two or three days of a siege, and then day by day this number would increase until the public authorities would feel compelled to take possession of the food supplies and distribute them among the people. With the exception of milk and some other things the supply of meat, poultry, hardy vegetables and fruits would last for two months at the present rate of consumption. If all the supplies were taken charge of at the beginning of a siege—and this could easily be done—the food within New York could be made to last for four months at least. The siege of Paris lasted only four months. Before two months had passed, high and low, rich and poor, had learned what hunger was. And, as is well known, the French are the most thrifty and economical people in the world. In the arrangement and disposition of food the Parisians are specially distinguished. But the food supply in New York could be made to last as long as the Paris siege lasted, and the people would still be comfortable.—Ladies' Home Journal.

REBUKES FROM THE BENCH.

Lord Chief Justice Erle Gently Sits Down on the Counsel.

Lord Chief Justice Erle was prone to interrupt counsel when it was found that the judges had already made up their minds against him. On one occasion Mr. Bovill, Q. C., soon afterward made a judge, was stopped with: "Here we stand, four men, and we have all firmly (emphasizing the adverb) made up our minds that there must be a new trial; but if you think it worth your while going on after that (playfully), why, of course, we'll keep on hearing you." Whereupon the Q. C. laughingly sat down. On another occasion he interrupted with: "I beg to inform the counsel 'there is a time in the mind of every man at which he lets down the floodgates of his understanding and allows not one more drop to enter;' and that time in my mind has fully arrived."

CHURCH AND CLERGY.

The next Episcopal church congress will be held at Norfolk, Va., from November 17 to November 20.

The recent troubles in the Salvation Army have brought to light the fact that this organization owns property valued at more than $4,000,000.

The "recess" committee of a Christian Endeavor society in a South Carolina school has had for its object the "prevention of quarreling and disorder on the playground during recess."

Rev. Dr. Logan, of Scranton, Pa., has been elected a member of the Victoria Institute of Great Britain. This is a philosophical society that comprises in its membership some of the brightest minds in the United Kingdom. Its purpose is to reconcile the revelation of science with the statements of the Bible.

Stopping a Small Leak.

A Detroit merchant has been so careful in the conduct of his business as to be afflicted with very few bad accounts. But there is one citizen who, despite the fact that his record elsewhere was bad, managed to get in debt to the firm.

"I suppose," said the bookkeeper, on the first of the month, "that we will send Skinnim that bill regularly for several months to come?"

"No," replied the merchant. "Times have been pretty hard and I guess we'd better not lose any chance to economize. Just charge what he

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.,

FRIDAY, - - AUGUST 28, 1896.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

To the Democratic voters of Cambria county.

The Democratic voters of the several election districts of Cambria county will meet at their respective polling places on SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1896, between the hours of 1 and 7 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing delegates to the Democratic County Convention, which is hereby summoned to meet at EBENSBURG, on MONDAY, AUGUST 31, 1896, to nominate a county ticket and transact such other business as may be brought to its attention.

The delegates will assemble at the Court House at 11 o'clock, A. M., to present the returns and for the purpose of effecting the permanent organization of the convention after which an adjournment will be had until 1 o'clock, the hour fixed by the rule for the convention proper to meet.

The apportionment of delegates for the several districts is as follows:

Adams tp.	2	Johnstown, 9th wd.	4
Allegheny tp.	2	Johnstown, 10th wd.	3
Ashville bor.	1	Johnstown, 11th wd.	1
Barnesboro bor.	1	Johnstown, 12th wd.	2
Barr tp.	2	Johnstown, 13th wd.	1
Blacklick tp.	1	Johnstown, 14th wd.	2
Cambria tp.	1	Johnstown, 15th wd.	2
Carrolltown bor.	2	Johnstown, 16th wd.	2
Carrolltp	2	Johnstown, 17th wd.	2
Chest Springs bor.	1	Lilly, bor	1
Chest tp	1	Loretto bor	2
Clearfield tp	2	Lower Yoder tp.	2
Conemaugh tp No. 1	1	Morrellville, 1st wd	1
Conemaugh tp No. 2	1	Morrellville, 2d wd.	1
Cooperdale bor	1	Morrellville, 3d wd.	1
Cresson tp	2	Munster tp	1
Croyle tp.	2	Patton bor.	2
Daisytown bor.	1	Portage bor.	1
Dale bor.	1	Portage tp.	1
Dean tp.	1	Reade tp., East	1
East Conemaugh bor	1	Reade tp., South	1
East Taylor tp	1	Reade tp., West	2
East Taylor No 2	1	Richland tp	1
Ebensburg E wd.	1	Rosedale bor.	1
Ebensburg W wd	2	Roxbury	1
Elder tp.	2	South Fork bor.	1
Franklin bor.	1	Spangler bor.	1
Ferndale bor.	1	Stonycreek tp.	1
Gallitzin bor.	3	Summerhill bor.	1
Gallitzin tp.	1	Summerhill tp.	1
Hastings bor.	2	Susquehanna tp.	2
Jackson tp.	1	Tunnelhill bor.	1
Johnstown, 1st wd.	2	Upper Yoder tp.	1
Johnstown, 2d wd.	1	Wilmondale	1
Johnstown, 3d wd.	1	Washington tp.	1
Johnstown, 4th wd.	2	Westmont bor.	1
Johnstown, 5th wd.	2	West Taylor tp.	1
Johnstown, 6th wd.	2	White tp.	1
Johnstown, 7th wd.	2	Wilmore bor.	1
Johnstown, 8th wd.	1		
Total			112
Necessary to choice			57

There will also be a member of the Democratic County Committee to elect in each district at the above mentioned election.

H. A. Englehart,
Chairman Democratic County Committee.
Ebensburg, August 10th, 1896.

Call for Convention.

Wilkesbarre, Aug. 24.—The following call for the reconvening of the Democratic state convention, at Harrisburg, on September 10th, next, was issued by State Chairman John A. Garman at his headquarters in this city to-night:

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Aug. 24.

The Democratic state convention will meet at the opera house, in Harrisburg, on Thursday, September 10, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating candidates for representatives at-large and for presidential electors where vacancies may exist, by reason of resignations or otherwise, for the adoption of a platform in accordance with the principles declared by the national Democratic convention, held in Chicago in July last, and for the transaction of such other business as may be necessary and proper.

In accordance with section 7, of rule 6, of the rules of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania, this convention shall be composed of the delegates who constituted the last Democratic state convention which met at Allentown, on Wednesday, April 29th.

[Signed] JOHN A. GARMAN, Chairman.

A COMBINATION has been formed by the Western Union telegraph company and the Bell Telephone company. The combined capital of the two corporations is $150,000,000.

"I BELIEVE we can not only elect our state ticket, but that Bryan and Sewall will carry the state of New York. I feel certain of this." Thus said Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., of New York, to a number of friends. In the many years that Senator Murphy was chairman of the state committee he proved himself unequalled in the correctness of his predictions regarding future political results in his state. During his chairmanship he conducted only one losing campaign, and in that he predicted defeat.

THERE never was such a thing as a fifty-cent dollar, though free coinage existed in this country from the government's foundation until 1873. No man ever saw a fifty-cent dollar. The silver dollar is a hundred cent dollar, and it will buy as much as a greenback, national bank bill or gold dollar. It is all bosh about claiming that the laboring man who is paid in silver for his labor does not get a dollar that is worth as much as a gold dollar. Whoever knew of a merchant or banker refusing to accept a silver dollar for a debt, or where is the man who will give you more goods for a five dollar gold piece than for five silver dollars or a ragged five dollar bill?

THE Democratic party at Chicago wisely eschewed all Republicanism. It is again the party of Jefferson and Jackson, with no higher ambition than to serve the American people and do their will. The Republican party would have to wait and ask England what she thinks of the free coinage of silver. The Democratic party doesn't care a continental what England thinks about this or any American question. Had George Washington consulted England this free republic would never have been. We would be the slaves of England to-day, as the Republican party would have us be her money slaves. It is un-American, un-patriotic, cowardly and contemptible for us to consult any European power about the domestic policy of our government.

IF those who have made a profit out of the government's financial policy array themselves against the Democratic party, may we not expect those who believe that we are right to come to our rescue and fill up the ranks that are being depleted by their desertion? If we must part company with those who believe in a government of syndicates by syndicates and for syndicates, may we not appeal with confidence to those who believe that a government of the people by the people, and for the people should not perish from the earth?

If these men who pride themselves upon their prominence in the business world, and who glory in the title of business men, are going to make a business out of politics, are going to use their ballots to increase their incomes, I beg you to consider whether the great toiling masses of this nation have not a right to make a business out of politics for once and protect their homes and their families from disaster?—William J. Bryan's speech at Madalin, N. Y.

A FAKE state convention was held in Philadelphia on Tuesday for the purpose of giving "aid and comfort" in the coming election to McKinley and Hobart, the Republican candidates. The convention was heralded, advertised and begotten under the name of "Sound Money Democrats" but after the deliverance the party was re-christened and is now known as the "Jeffersonian Party."

The big city dailies like the Philadelphia *Record* and the Philadelphia *Times*, are now boosting up the proceedings of the convention as if they were the result of an uprising of the Democracy through out the state of Pennsylvania, against the nominations of Bryan and Sewall at the convention at Chicago, and against the platform adopted there. The delegates to the Philadelphia convention according to these papers were a band of patriots who had "placed their country above their party" and had left their altars and their homes to perform a "painful but a patriotic duty."

But the windy puffs by these big city dailies, of the wisdom assembled at Philadelphia, on Tuesday, will fool no one. The Belteshazzars of this country have a right to hold as many conventions as they choose to pay for, to assemble as many "patriots" to nominate candidates, pass resolutions, make platforms and do such other work as in their opinion will best assist in the election of the Republican ticket and enable them to retain their grip on the strings that open or shut the national purse.

But the plain every-day people are not fools. The delegates from each county are known at home and the assembled wisdom of the convention, despite the puffings of the paper, is entitled to and will receive just what respect the individual delegates command at home as leaders in the party they pretend to be bolting from and the constituency that sent them on to their "patriotic but painful duty."

The delegates to the Philadelphia convention from Cambria county were Donald E. Dufton, Esq., of Ebensburg and Frank P. Robb, superintendent of the Cambria and Clearfield division of the Pennsylvania railroad, of Cresson, and J. B. Highberger, of the latter place, an employe also of the railroad company, as alternate.

It is well enough to know that Cambria has two "patriots", and one alternate patriot. We have no disposition and it is unnecessary to strip any of the gilding from their patriotic wings other than to say that they represent no constituents.

Cambria county Democrats' sent no delegates to the Philadelphia convention. A number of Democrats received invitations but refused to go as delegates. There was no election held within the confines of the county to elect delegates to the Belteshazzar convention. The "patriots" who attended the convention from Cambria county simply packed their grips and went to represent the people who invited them, to represent themselves as they had a right to, or it may be that Mr. Robb represented the interests of the Pennsylvania railroad company the corporation he so faithfully serves.

THE Pittsburg *Post* in comparing the the present campaign with that of Andrew Jackson against the United States Bank, in 1836, says:

It is the same battle that is on to-day. It is the same banded money and corporation power that is fighting the people to-day that Jackson overcame more than 60 years ago, but with resources and power vastly increased. It influences and controls the press of the great eastern cities, or wherever there are great aggregations of capital, just as it did in Jackson's times. It has its bishops and clergy and lawyers and eminently respectables preaching gold bug finance and denouncing the plain people as anarchists and repudiators, precisely as in Jackson's times. It claims for itself the respectability, intelligence and money, just as it did over 60 years ago. It is as great a pretender and as big a sham now as ever.

But the people have a champion to-day, just as they had away back in the 30s. "Young Hickory" has come out of the west, and he is in the field to lead the plain people—the farmers and the workingmen and the business men—to as glorious a victory as Jackson conquered, and win it against pretty much the same influences, but mightily strenghtened in power and resources. In this year of our Lord it is money against votes, and the votes are bound to win the victory.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: For several hours Monday, Senator Jones, chairman of the national committee, was closeted with several distinguished Democrats discussing the subject of ways and means and the best methods of conducting the campaign.

Senator Bacon has just returned from a trip to the Pacific coast, and reported to the committee that he found the whole coast and the country, from the Pacific to the Mississippi river, ablaze with enthusiasm for the Democratic ticket and the free coinage platform upon which its candidate has planted himself. Senator Bacon declared that the party would have no trouble in carrying the whole of that part of the country for the ticket.

Mr. Bland gave the committee one of his characteristic talks and laughed at the claims of the Republicans that they would carry his state. The Democratic ticket, he said, was good for a majority of at least 50,000 to 60,000 in Missouri. Every western state, in like manner, he said, was loyal to the cause of free silver and would cast their votes that way, including Illinois and Indiana.

SENATOR QUAY has publicly apologized to David Martin, the Philadelphia Combine leader, for insinuating in a speech last winter that David had been bought. They are now to be considered honest both men.

In Need of Money.

Chicago, August 23.—The following appeal for campaign funds has been made in an address "to the people of the United States."

"The Democratic party in the present contest is engaged in the defense of the plain people against the encroachments of the favored classes. This is purely an economic issue. It its importance, however, it overshadows every question which has occupied public attention since the tragic campaign of 1860. It presents the alternative at once imperative and terrible. It is imperative because delay may take from us the possibility of choice, and terrible because of the dire consequences which must follow failure.

"Is the American Union big enough, strong enough and patriotic enough to have its own financial policy? If not, then we are the serfs of the money changers of Europe and their agents in this country and are doomed to a vassalage more ignominious and more degrading than that against which our fathers fought a century ago. Our manhood, our freedom, the fruits of our industry, integrity of our homes, every thing that enlightened men hold dear, all these are the playthings of aliens and they prey of usurpers.

"The American people are not ready to surrender the liberties for which their forefathers shed their blood. We believe that liberty and self government are destined to remain the heritage of this splendid nation; that we shall not be fated to become a living lie, a nation of slaves, callous and degraded enough to wear only the mask of freedom.

"We have allied against us in this contest not only the financial forces of Europe, but the subsidized press and all the monopolies and trust companies here at home, who are determined, if possible to fix forever their relentless yoke on labor for all time.

"To oppose them we must rely upon the patriotism and heroic manliness of the plain people, the toilers who create the wealth which speculators absorb. With unlimited money in their hands our enemies are printing and distributing misleading and untruthful statements; hired speakers and emissaries are everywhere attempting to mislead and delude the people.

"To meet and counteract this we must distribute documents for the dissemination of the truth; we must explode their fallacies, their misstatements and their utter selfishness.

"To do so we need money at once and can only hope for help from the plain people. We ask only for the necessary means to conduct a vigorous and aggressive campaign. No matter in how small sums, no matter what humble contributions, let the friends of liberty and national honor contribute all they can to the good cause. To the overflowing treasury of the money power we will oppose the accumulated offerings of the masses fighting to be free, and ask the Ruler of the universe for His blessing.

"Wherever there is a bank or money order office, remittances may be easily made to William P. St John, treasurer of the national Democratic committee, Hotel Barthold, New York. A receipt will be returned in every instance.

"When victory is achieved over the unscrupuleus combinations which are endeavoring to thrust William McKinley into the presidential chair, the recorded list of the contributors to this good cause will be a roll of honor of which any one may well be proud.

"JAMES K. JONES.
"Chairman National Democratic Committee."

He Was Taken Out Alive.

Hazleton, Pa., August 23.—While a number of miners were engaged yesterday morning in timbering up the gangway of the Coleraine colliery to prevent a threatened cave-in, a further squeeze took place and before all the men could get out the collapse came. Michael Shigo was dragged from under the falling rocks with his legs broken. A car was being dragged through the gangway at the time and C. Rority happened to grab the end and while the place was closing in about him, was drawn out with no worse injuries than some bad bruises. Peter Liko, a laborer, missed the car and was left there.

After the disturbance subsided somewhat rescuing parties attempted to go down after Liko, but could not go all the way. Liko was 100 feet below, but his cries could be distinctly heard. All the afternoon rescuers attempted to reach him, but it was midnight before they got to the man and took him out alive. His escape from death is marvelous, as he was carried down with 100 tons of rock into cavity. He is now at the hospital in a critical condition, but may recover.

Betrayed by a Single Hair.

Cincinnati, August 25.—United States Commissioner Campbell's courtroom was crowded to-day with men and women from North Bend. They were witnesses in the case against Miss Inez Garrison, the pretty clerk at the North Bend postoffice. Among them was Mrs. Betty Eaton, sister of ex-President Harrison. Miss Garrison was charged with tampering with the mails, and was accused by Thomas S. Balsley, who claimed that love letters passing between himself and Miss Emma Wamsley had been opened and then sealed.

Postoffice Inspector Leatherman testified to having had Balsley write a decoy letter, on the outside flap of which inspector Moore had placed a hair. Balsley was sent after the letter, and when it was given to Inspector Leatherman, the flap had been opened and the hair had dropped out.

Important Discoveries Made.

London, August 22.—News of the great success of the University of Pennsylvania expedition to Babylonia has been received here. The most notable result of the excavations is that the history of the Babylonian people, as recorded in cuneiform writing on tablets, is carried back at least 2,250 years further than yet known. There is now abundant written evidence that the Babylonian people existed and were civilized enough to be able to write at least 7,000 years B. C. Prof. Hilprecht is at present at Constantinople arranging for the classification of the inscriptions on objects of priceless value, which under the conditions of a firman become the property of the imperial museum there.

Baby Was Drowned.

Little Joe Mieller, only 13 months old, son of John Mieller, West Deer township, was drowned in a peculiar way yesterday. The little child was toddling about the yard, and walked up to a bucket. It was full of water, and in some way the boy fell head first into the vessel. The boy of course could not scream, and in a few minutes he was drowned. His mother, who had not missed him, went to the yard, and to her horror she discovered her baby dead. The discovery unnerved the mothor, and she is now in a very precarious condition.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Entertainment of Li.

New York, August 22.—John Seager, private secretary to the secretary of war, has given out the following program for the entertainment of Li Hung Chang while in this country:

Earl Li Hung Chang, special ambassador from the emperor of China, will arrive in New York by the steamship St. Louis on Friday, August 28. Major General Thomas H. Ruger, U. S. A., commanding the department of the east, who has been designated by the president to act as his representative, will meet him on his arrival and escort him with a detachment of the Sixth cavalry to the Waldorf hotel, where he will remain during his stay in New York as the guest of the nation. The state department will be represented by W. W. Rockhill, first assistant secretary of state. General Ruger will attend the viceroy during his sojourn in this country, and will be in charge of all arrangements pertaining to his visit.

The president of the United States, who is to be in the city as the guest of ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney, will receive the special ambassador at the latter's residence on the following day, the secretary of the treasury, the secretary of war and possibly other members of his cabinet being present.

On Sunday a visit will be made to General Grant's tomb at Riverside. Monday will be spent in a trip to the military academy at West Point by the United States steamship Dolphin and a sail under the Brooklyn bridge and the East river. Tuesday the party will be entertained at lunch by representative business men of New York, and later in the day an opportunity will be given the Chinese residents of the city to meet the early by arrangement with the Chinese consul. Wednesday will be occupied by a visit to Brooklyn on the invitation of the mayor of that city, and in the evening the viceroy will be tendered a review by the Seventh regiment in its armory. Thursday the party will go by the Pennsylvania railroad to Philadelphia, where suitable entertainment will be provided, and Friday and Saturday will be spent in Washington, and Sunday at Niagara Falls, where the viceroy will be met by representatives of the Canadian government, who will escort him to Vancouver, from which port he sails for home.

Wreck on the B. & O.

Pittsburg, August 25.—The through Chicago mail train, No. 14, on the Pittsburg and Western railroad, which is due in Allegheny in the afternoon, was at Valencia Station, twenty-two miles from this city. First reports were to the effect that fifteen persons had been killed. The latest information is that no one was killed outright. But about twenty-five people were hurt a number of them so badly that several will die as a result of their injuries.

The relief train with the most seriously injured reached here at 4 o'clock and the victims were removed to the Allegheny general hospital.

Train No. 14 is composed of sleeping and mail cars. At Valencia it collided with a work train. The wreck was a double one. The work train first ran into a freight train, and, the grade being heavy, several cars of the work train ran back, colliding with the passenger train. The collision threw the cars over a steep embankment, and a number of the passengers were caught in the wreck.

The local was standing at Valencia Station unloading freight, when the through freight came to the top of the grade, just east of Valeucia. The engineer, who was on the lookout for No. 25, put on the airbrakes, but they refused to work, and his train crashed into the local. Just at the time the two freights collided the passenger came along on the eastbound track and was struck by the freight cars, which were derailed at that moment. The engine and baggage car of the passenger train got through safely and broke away from the balance of the train. The first passenger coach, in which were a great many ladies, was crushed by a carload of oil well tubing. The tubing was thrown with terrific force in every direction, causing most of the wounds received by the passengers. The wreckage was piled twenty-five or thirty feet high in places.

The railroad people say the whole trouble was caused by the failure of the airbrakes to work while the through freight was on the hill.

A Slick Thief.

Kansas City, Mo., August 21.—The stock yard's branch of the American National bank, which is located on the second floor of the live stock exchange, was robbed of $2,000 in cash by a quick and nervy thief this morning. The money taken was all in bills and $200 in silver in the same drawer was left undisturbed. Cashier Boswell, who has charge of the bank, secured $2,000 from the main institution this morning, and going to the exchange building placed the money in the drawer under the counter, as is his custom. Having a letter to deliver on the floor he went down stairs a moment, leaving the door of the banking room open. A commission firm occupies a room directly opposite and one of the commission men sat facing the door. He distinctly remembers some one entering the banking room, but paid no attention to him. When Cashier Boswell returned he found the drawer open, a jimmy having been used, the bills all taken and marks of nails in the shoes of the thief, where he jumped on the counter in making his escape.

A Desperate Burglar.

Chicago, August 25.—Finding himself shut out from all means of escape a burglar, whose identity is as yet unknown, shot and instantly killed himself near the corner of twelfth street and Lawndale avenue last night. At the time he was being pursued by several police officers, and they had so far gained upon him that he would soon have been in custody. The fugitive became desperate when he realized this and turned to face his pursuers, at the same time drawing a revolver. He fired one shot at the officers before turning the weapon upon himself, but the bullet flew wide. He then shot and killed himself.

A DRUNKEN riot at Daltonville, a mining town in Jefferson county, Ohio, resulted in one death, while three persons are suffering from injuries that are likely to prove fatal. The fight was between Hungarian and French miners.

A NEW GOLD PARTY.

One Formed by Democrats In Pennsylvania.

AFRAID OF THE ELECTION LAW.

So They Named the Political Organization the "Jeffersonian Party"—Delegates Selected to the Democratic Gold Convention at Indianapolis.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—The gold standard Democrats of Pennsylvania met in convention in this city, nominated presidential electors and delegates to the national convention to be held in Indianapolis on Sept. 2 and adopted a vigorous platform responsive to their views on the money question and denounced in unmeasured terms the nominees chosen and the principles declared at Chicago.

With this convention a new state party came into existence to be known as the "Jeffersonian party," singularly enough, its birthplace was Musical Fund hall, where, 40 years ago was held the first national convention of the Republican party. The word "Democratic" was regretfully omitted from the name in deference to judicial decisions that the title of the older party could not be infringed upon.

The platform declares that the Chicago platform does not bind the Democrats of Pennsylvania, and reaffirms its allegiance to the Allentown platform.

William B. Given was made chairman of the state committee with headquarters in the Bullitt building.

The most notable feature was the tumultuous applause that greeted every mention of the name of President Cleveland.

William M. Singerly, who called the meeting to order, introduced John C. Bullit as the chairman. J. P. J. Sendeafer and J. D. Samuels were made secretaries.

Maine Republicans Celebrated.

OLD ORCHARD, Me., Aug. 26.—The Republicans of Maine, according to custom, held a grand rally here at which were gathered thousands of auditors from all over the state as well as from other parts of New England. The speakers were Hon Thomas B. Reed, Hon. Lee Fairchild and others.

Southard Nominated For Congress.

ZANESVILLE, O., Aug. 26.—At the Democratic convention of the Fifteenth congressional district General A. J. Warner, president of the Bimetallic League of America, presided. F. H. Southard was nominated for Congress and the Chicago platform endorsed.

Massachusetts Gold Democrats.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—The gold Democrats have elected delegates to Indianapolis. The resolutions repudiated the actions of the Chicago convention and endorsed the platform adopted by the state Democratic convention held on April 21 last.

Schilling In San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—G. M. Schilling, the oneармed athlete who has undertaken to walk from Pittsburg to this city and back within ten months and to return with $1,000 in cash, although restricted from begging or purchasing supplies enroute, has arrived here 26 days ahead, but $200 behind his schedule.

A Receiver Appointed.

ANDERSON, Ind., Aug. 26.—Thomas K. Aiken has been appointed receiver and placed in charge of the affairs and property of the Union Steel company of Alexandria, capitalized at $1,500,000.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Republican employes in the department at Washington have been notified that a 3 per cent. contribution on their salaries is desired for the Republican national fund.

—William Wardorf Astor, the American multi-millionaire, who spends his time and money mainly in England, is trying to affect an alliance with Princess Victoria, daughter of the Prince of Wales.

—At a great stock and implement sale on the farm of Sloan Bros., near Carthage, Mo., last week, a test vote for president was taken among the farmers present. Over 500 were for Bryan and 42 for McKinley.

The Biggest Fool at Large.

Is the individual who persistently neglects his health, and the means of preserving and restoring it. Many persons who are not constitutional idiots do this. They are genuine objects of compassion as well as censure. A failure of appetite, loss of sleep and flesh, impaired digestion, an uncertain condition of the bowels and symptoms of biliousness are so many warnings of the approach of disease. To disregard them is abject folly, which offended nature in due time punishes severely, if not fatally. That genuine and thoroughly reliable preventive of bodily mischief in the shape of chronic disease, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will, if resorted to in time, avert those disorders, by the removal of which it is also fully adequate. Among these are chronic indigestion, liver complaint, kidney troubles constipation, nervousness, rheumatism and malaria.

Corn

Potatoes and all spring crops will grow better and yield far more, if you use

$20 Phosphate

Finest fertilizer for all kinds of soil. Direct from manufacturer to farmer (no agents). Special prices for carload lots. New price list mailed free.

YORK CHEMICAL WORKS, York, Pa.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the application of Robert F. Notley, of Hastings borough, for the transfer of the wholesale liquor license granted to Andrew Lantry, in Hastings borough, has been filed in the office of the Clerk of Quarter Sessions in and for Cambria county; and that the same will be presented to the said court for its consideration on Thursday, September 17, 1896.

S. W. DAVIS, Clerk
Prothonotary's Office, Aug. 27, 1896.
Aug 28 3t.

JOHN F. STRATTON & SON,
48 & 45 Walker St. NEW YORK.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c., all kinds of Strings, etc., etc.

GINSENG
WANTED BY
SAM'L WELLS & CO.,
67 VINE ST., CINCINNATI, O.
LARGEST EXPORTERS OF GINSENG IN THE U. S.

B. & B.

Autumn Dress Woolens.

They've been coming in, case after case, since the first of the month, but we said nothing about them; did not put any on sale till we had accumulated a comprehensive line—now we invite you to inspect a collection that will exemplify one of the reasons for this store's success—large assortments of choice goods less priced.

We were at considerable pains, covering a period of several months, getting together these wondrous things—exquisite weaves, rich color effects—magnificent ensemble—but the end justified the effort—you'll be pleased with them—you'll be glad, in your own interest, to send this store your order—we will be repaid and you will profit thereby.

First thing to do is to send for samples—add some slight hint as to your preference, if you like.

The time to get choice things is now.

Have we your name and address on our catalogue list? New one will be ready in a few weeks.

BOGGS & BUHL,
Allegheny, Pa.

For Your Protection.—Catarrah "Cures" or Tonics for Catarrah in liquid form to be taken internally, usually contain either Mercury or Iodide of Potassa, or both, which are injurious if too long taken. Catarrah is a local, not a blood disease, caused by a sudden change to cold or damp weather. It starts in the nasal passages, affecting eyes, ears and throat. Cold in the head causes excessive flow of mucus, and if repeatedly neglected, the results of catarrah will follow; severe pain in the head, a roaring sound in the ears, bad breadth, and oftentimes an offensive discharge. The remedy should be quick to allay inflammation and heal the membrane. Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowleged cure for these troubles and contains no mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents.

nov 10 94 1y.

Assignees' Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

Assigned Estate of John Brown.

By virtue of a third pluries order of sale issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, on the premises, in the Borough of Summerhill, Cambria county, on

SATURDAY, AUG., 29TH, 1896,

at 10 o'clock, P. M.

And from time to time thereafter, all the following described real estate, which has been assigned to the undersigned by John Brown and wife.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTIES.

First—No 4. Union Hall Lot, situate in the Borough of Summerhill, corner of Main street and Jackson road, bounded on the easterly side by Main street, on southerly side by other lot (No 3) of John Brown, on westerly side by lot of John D. Wentroth, and on the northerly side by Jackson road, having thereon erected a large three story frame building, known as

UNION HALL.

Second—No. 5. One half interest in piece or parcel of land situate in Croyle township, known as William Principle tract, adjoining lands of Griffith, Brown & Stineman, J. C. Scott & Sons, Frank Kurtz, the Butler tract and others, containing

24 ACRES,

127 perches.

Third—No. 6. One half interest in the coal and other minerals of 28 ACRES, and the surface of 7 ACRES, more or less, of the same piece of ground, all known as the William Butler tract, situate in Croyle township, adjoining the lands of Jacob Principle, William Murray et al.

Fourth—No 9. Interest of assignor in a tract of land at Mineral Point, in East Taylor township, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a hemlock near Salt Lick creek; thence through land of Cambria Iron company, south 38¼ degrees, east 26.36 perches to a cucumber; thence south 21¾ degrees, west 11.64 perches to a hemlock; thence south 5 degrees, east 28 54 perches to a post; thence south 49½ degrees, west 17.75 perches to a post near Conemaugh river; thence parallel with said river north 44½ degrees, west 18.6 perches to a post, thence north 40 degrees, west 14.1 perches to a sugar; thence following the direction of Salt Lick Creek, north 8 degrees, west 13.1 perches to a white birch; thence 21½ degrees, east 10.4 perches to a beech; thence north 67½ degrees, east 5.7 perches to a white birch; thence north 38¼ degrees, east 6.3 perches to a white oak, and thence north 42¾ degrees east 18.9 perches to place of beginning, containing

10 ACRES,

24 perches, and having thereon erected one double and four single tenement houses and one small store room.

Will be sold in sections or as a whole, to suit purchasers.

TERMS of SALE.

Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid when the property is struck down; one-half when the sale is confirmed by the court and the remainder in six months from date of confirmation; deferred payments to be secured by judgment-note or mortgage, with interest, at the option of the assignee. Purchasers also to have the right to pay in full on delivery of deed.

J. B. GREEN,
Assignee of John Brown and Wife.
JAMES M. WALTERS, Attorney.
July 31 1896 3t.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of

Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline

That can be

MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the

Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils

in the market ask for ours.

ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18.89ly.

FARMERS!

TAKE NOTICE

When you want GOOD FLOUR take your grain to the OLD SHENKLE MILL in Ebensburg. The

FULL ROLLER PROCESS

for the manufacture of Flour has been put in the Old Shenkle Grist Mill in Ebensburg and turns out nothing but

FIRST CLASS WORK.

Bring in your grain and give us a trial. Each man's grain in ground separately and you get the Flour of your own wheat. If farmers wish to exchange grain for Flour they can do so. The Mill is running every day with the BEST OF POWER.

S. D. LUDWIG
PROPRIETOR.

Sold by the following dealers:
EBENSBURG—H. A. Shoemaker. CARROLLTOWN—P. J. Dietrick, Harris & Co. I. E. Bender. SPANGLER—E. M. Binder. PATTON—A. M. Thomas. LORETTO—F. C. George. SOUTH FORK—N. S. George & Son.

Don't Think
Of wasting time over problems others have thought out for you.

GOOD RESULTS
Come from long experience.

The Cinderella Stoves and Ranges
Are the result of over thirty-five years experience. They are noted for their durability, cleanliness and economy.
Special attention has been paid to making Stoves the easy the proper way, with a view of meeting every demand at a moderate cost.
Their cleanliness lessens labor.
Their economy saves money.

GREAT

CLEARANCE SALE

of Furs, Capes and Jackets, Winter Dress Goods and Woolen Underwear at QUINN'S, 133 and 136 Clinton St., Johnstown. Capes sold at half cost. New Spring Dress Goods arriving every day.

DENTISTRY

In all its Latest and Most Improved Methods.

BRIDGE WORK.

Teeth extracted without pain by using Prof. Mayer's Artificial Teeth without plate just like the natural teeth, repair them and replace them in their natural place. First-class work done at the most reasonable rates.

All work warranted. Terms Cash. Office on Railroad street, two doors north of M. E. Church.

DR. A. LAINO,
GALLITZIN

Dec. 6, 1895.6m

Carriage and Wagon Shop

Having opened up in the shop lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the Rose Block, Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of Wagon and Carriage Work on short notice and at reasonable terms. Carriage Trimming, Cushions and Side Curtains furnished to order. Orders taken for Spring Wagons and Buggies.

Special attention given to Repair Work and Painting and satisfaction guaranteed.

H. E. BENDER,
Formerly of Carrolltown.

5.9531.

IT IS AS CHEAP AS IT IS GOOD:

The Price of THE PATRIOT Has Been Made to Fit the Times. It Is One Cent a Day or $3 When Paid By the Year.

Start the day right by reading the right kind of newspaper. THE PATRIOT is the right kind. It is the only complete morning newspaper that reaches Central Pennsylvania at an early hour of the day. It is one of the foremost Democratic newspapers in the State and the only one printed at the State Capital, the official and political centre of the Commonwealth.

THE PATIOT makes a specialty of department news and gives more each day than all the other State papers combined. It gives much more entertaining and substantial family reading. It has (copyrighted) daily "hints to housekeepers" a new menu for every day and a fashion department, through which the latest patterns are supplied to PATRIOT READERS.

Pennsylvania politics will be of extraordinary interest from this time on. The State Capital will be the centre of exciting news.

THE PATRIOT has exclusive opportunities for securing advance news of a semi-public character.

Special attention is given base ball and cycling events, with detailed reports of national league games.

DAILY, every week day morning in the year, $3 a year.

WEEKLY, Tuesday evening of each week, $1 a year.

THE DAILY issue will be sent from now until after the election, by mail only, on receipt of $1.00.

THE WEEKLY will be sent from now until after the election, by mail only, on receipt of 25 cents.

THE PATRIOT is the best advertising medium in Pennsylvania outside of Pittsburg and Philadelphia. It has a cent a word want column.

Address, THE PATRIOT COMPANY,
HARRISBURG, PENNA.

FAT FOLKS reduced from 15 to 25 lbs per month by a harmless treatment by prescribing physician of 20 years' experience. No back of detention from business. No starving, wrinkles or flabbiness. In 4 to 6 weeks proves general health and beautifies complexion. Physicians and society ladies indorse it. Thousands cured.

PATIENTS TREATED BY MAIL.
confidentially. For particulars address, with stamp,
DR. SNYDER, McVicker's Theater, CHICAGO, ILL., Or 907 Broadway, NEW YORK CITY.
oct25.95.1y

JOHN F. STRATTON'S CELEBRATED

MANDOLINS,
Importers of and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
811, 813, 815, 817 East 9th St., New York.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 2, 1896.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express, week days.
Altoona Accommodation, week days.
Main Line Express, daily.
Altoona Express, daily.
Harrisburg Accommodation, Sunday only.
Mail Express, daily.
Philadelphia Express, daily.

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation, week days.
Pacific Express, daily.
Way Passenger, daily.
Mail Train, daily.
Fast Line, daily.
Johnstown Accommodation, week days.

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leave Ebensburg at 8.00 a. m. and arrive at Cresson at 8.30 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30 a. m. and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.00 a. m. and 4.35 p. m. and leave at Ebensburg at 8.00 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 1.30 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.00 a. m. and 3.00 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. arrive at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 4.50 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 38 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. K. WOOD, General Passenger Agent.

JOHN PFISTER

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

HARNESS, ETC.

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOUSE,

CRESSON, PA.

may2-30ly

JOHN F. STRATTON'S

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of
MUSICAL MERCHANDISE,
Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Accordeons, Harmonicas, &c., all kinds of Strings, etc., etc.
811, 813, 815, 817 East 9th St., New York.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - AUGUST 28, 1896.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Get registered on or before September 3d. That is the last day.

—Mr. H. A. Luther, of Nicktown, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Monday.

—Mr. Edward Glass, of Loretto, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Monday.

—Mr. Frank Platt, of Gallitzin, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Wednesday.

—Mr. Jerome Flick, of Allegheny township, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—Mr. John Ferguson and wife, of Blacklick township, spent a few hours in town on Tuesday.

—Mr. Christ Shinafelt and family are now occupying their new residence on Julian street.

—Mr. Owen Rowland, of this place, started for Iowa on Tuesday, where he will visit his sons.

—Ex-County Commissioner James Costlow, of Wilmore, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—Mr. William Conrad, one of Gallitzin's regular business men, spent a few hours in Ebensburg on Friday.

—Mr. John Kelly, an old and respected citizen of Lilly, is seriously ill from disease incident to old age.

—Ex-County Commissioner Joseph Hague, of Allegheny township, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Mr. D. T. Bradley, of Loretto, intends to locate at Cleveland, Ohio, and will take his departure for that place next week.

—Fifty-five railroad tramps were placed in jail on Saturday. That is the largest number ever taken by that institution in one day.

—On Tuesday a car load of sheep was shipped from this place to Philadelphia by Thomas L. Edwards, of Blacklick township.

—John Gault, a Pole, went to sleep under a freight train at Derry and the train ran, breaking both legs and otherwise injuring him so that he will die.

—A Philadelphia newsboy tried to smoke many cigarettes as he could in half an hour. He reached his twentieth coffin-nail, when he took sick and died the same evening.

—Saturday is the Democratic primary election and Monday the convention assembles in Ebensburg. The Democrats in every district should see to it that good men are sent as delegates.

—John Sanderson, an employe of the Johnson and Clearfield Coal and Coke company, was caught under a fall of rock on Monday and had the flesh of one leg mashed but no bones broken.

—The average weight of 500 Pennsylvania freight cars of 30 tons capacity each, recently weighed by the Pennsylvania Railroad, was found to have decreased in 13 years 1,568 pounds per car.

—One of the new ordinances of Blairsville provides that children under 16 years of age will not be permitted on the streets after 9 o'clock in the evening unless accompanied by parent or guardian.

—While workmen were digging for the foundation of a flouring mill, at Smithton, Fayette county, they unearthed several piles of human bones, crockery, stone hammer, tomahawk, flint arrow heads, etc.

—Precinct registers will be at every polling place in the county on September 1 and 2nd; fail to call and see that your name is on the list. Better see the register once, however. Delays are danger signals.

—Mr. H. C. Litzinger and wife, Mrs. W. Todd, Miss Emma Litzinger, Mr. A. W. Litzinger, Mr. L. P. Litzinger and Miss Nellie Kelly drove from Chicora, in Butler county, and are visiting friends in town.

—A large ash tree was cut down one day last week by Dennis Peddicord, of Buffington township, Indiana county. Some of the combs of honey measured several feet in length and fully two bushels of bees were found in the tree.

—A locust tree on the farm of Daniel Kerr, in Center township, Perry county, was struck by lightning the latter part of July and was thought to be dead. It has since leafed out again and is as full of blossoms as it was last May.

—Republican papers all over the state are falling over themselves saying nice things of the new Jeffersonian party. It is good thing that it suits them as the party gives every evidence of being a thing that will be hard to raise.

—The old stone house that for eighty odd years stood as a landmark on the northeast corner of the diamond in this place, is now a thing of the past. It has served its day and makes way for what will be the handsomest business block in Ebensburg.

—By reference to our advertising columns it will be observed that M. D. Bearer, of this place, offers for sale cheap a number of useful articles such as wagons, spring, mower, harrow, cultivator and several line of farming implements, etc.

—In the fourth game of the series between Ebensburg and Patton ball clubs, played at Patton to-day (Thursday), the Patton team was victorious by a score of 8 to 6. The Patton team has now three games to its credit to one for Ebensburg.

—Benjamin Peighton, a driver in the Kamm colliery, near Patton, was caught between two cars while attending to his work on Monday and had his left leg broken between the ankle and the knee.

—Next Thursday and Friday evenings the 27th and 28th, a festival will be held at the Salem C. M. church. Supper will be served both evenings, when all the delicacies of the season will be spread on the table. Proceeds for the benefit of the church.

—Our thanks are due to the management of the Ebensburg Agricultural society for complimentary ticket to their Fifth annual exhibition which takes place on their grounds near Ebensburg on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday of next week, September 1st, 2d, 3d and 4th.

—Mrs. Mary N. wife of George Logue, died at her home in Gallitzin, on Sunday last from stomach trouble, aged 29 years, 7 months and 29 days. She is survived by her husband and one brother, Edward Foley, of Pittsburg. Her remains were interred in St. Patrick's cemetery at Gallitzin, on Tuesday.

—Between 1 and 2 o'clock on Wednesday morning of last week, Frank Leder, a Hungarian, aged about 40 years, was instantly killed in the Conemaugh yard by a freight train. Leder attempted to board a westbound freight train between the passenger station and an ash pit and fell under the train, which dragged him about 100 feet.

—On our editorial page will be found the call for reconvening the Democrtic state convention, to meet at Harrisburg on September 10th, next. The delegates from this county are H. H. Myers, Esq., of Ebensburg; Thomas T. Sheridan, B. W. Kauffer, John O'Toole and Charles Swank, of Johnstown, and John Rickets, of Cambria township.

—If you change your place of ressidence from one election district to another after September 2d you will lose your vote this fall. If you "must" move, either do so before that date or defer it until after November 3d. Let every Democrat bear this in mind.

—Mrs. Callie V., wife of John R. Lloyd, of Patton, died at her home in that place, on Saturday morning, August 22d, aged 26 years. She is survived by her husband and two young children. Her remains were taken to Brisbin, Clearfield county, and interred there on Tuesday afternoon.

—The Republican senatorial conferees arrived here on Tuesday evening and after holding several meetings still stand three for Stineman and three for Appleby. Mr. Stineman's conferees are David Wilson, Joseph Dietrich and Dr. Luke, while Dr. Appleby is represented by D. H. Burnham, H. C. Burger and H. W. Culp.

—It has been declared upon good authority that milk can be kept for a week by canning it as one would fruit. Fill glass jars and screw down the lids; then place them in a steamer over cold water. Heat the jars gradually and steam the jars for an hour, then tighten the tops. The woman who has preserved milk in this way says she can see no reason why it shouldn't keep much longer.

—Michael, the 4-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Homschick, of Spangler, got hold of a lot of matches on Monday of last week and began striking them, when his clothing caught fire. The child's screams attracted the attention of the mother, and she succeeded in tearing the burning clothes from the little fellow's body, but not before he was frightfully burned on the neck, arms and right side.

A girl named Hoard, 13 years of age, residing in the vicinity of Robbins station, Westmoreland county, was fatally injured on Monday by being attacked by a cow which she was endeavoring to drive from the stable. The animal turned upon the girl and, piercing her side with a horn, hurled her high in the air. The animal then trampled her with its hoofs. Her cries attracted David McCutcheon, who, with great difficulty, drove the mad brute away.

—Every town, says an exchange, has a liar, a sponger, a blatherskite, a smart Aleck, some pretty girls, a girl who giggles, a weather prophet, a neighborhood feud, a women who tattles, a man who knows it all, a boom once in a while, one Lincoln-Republican, one Jeffersonian-Democrat, more loafers than it needs, men who see every dog fight, somebody that wants the earth, a few meddlesome women that are not wanted on earth, and a street that could be improved.

—Four young men of Duncansville, Blair county, drank whisky on a wager as to their drinking qualities, in an abandoned stone quarry two miles west of Hollidaysburg on Saturday night. Sam Mobley, a 19 year-old boy, one of the number died from the effects and was found on the roadside on Sunday morning. Coroner McCartney, of Altoona, went there on Sunday morning and empanneled a jury. The verdict was that the boy had died of alcholism.

—The entertainment at the opera house on Monday evening was well attended and a handsome sum realized which was donated to the Presbyterian church in this place. The recitations by Miss Baker were highly appreciated by the audience, all of whom went away well pleased with the entertainment, while the congregation of the church benefitted are profuse in their thanks to the gifted lady. Messrs. Speyer and Leman, who furnished the music, also come in for a large share of the thanks of those in attendance.

—Saturday evening while James Cassman was holding an auction of his personal property at his home in Garfield, West Wheatfield township, Indiana county, M. O. Mack and James Betts, two men of the town, entered the house in an intoxicated condition. They attempted to make a raid on the Casman home and struck the man several hard blows. His wife interfered and she too was roughly assaulted by the intruders. The woman was in a critical condition at the time and the blows she received may prove fatal.

—The Williamsport *Sun* says: A small lad living on Grace street the other evening, with several other "kids" was catching toads. While he was laughing with glee at the capture of a good sized toad, which he held in his hand, the toad, with one hop, jumped inside the child's throat, and soon found its way into regions below. The lad set up a great howl and ran home. He commenced to suffer from stomach aches until a doctor arrived who hurredly administered an emetic to the suffering child. In a short time the toad was coughed up dead.

—Ice water, according to medical authority, kills more persons than strichnine does. It should be taken in great moderation and slowly sipped at a time—never gulped. It should be absolutely avoided at meals. Taken into the mouth directly after hot food it cracks the enamel of the teeth, and entering the stomach it chills the natural fluids, so that they are unfitted for the work of digestion, thus laying the foundation for a thousand evils. The use of moderately cool water not only averts these, but slakes the thirst much better than the ice cold fluid.

—The largest ballot of any yet printed in this state will be used in the coming presidential contest. It measures two feet by nearly three. The number of parties already in the field is what has caused the increase in the size of the sheet. There are nine columns. Eight parties are already in the fight and the ninth column is for the use of any party who may yet decide to get into it. The parties and their candidates, as they will appear on the ballot are: Republican, McKinley and Hobart; Democratic, Bryan and Sewall; Prohibition, Levering and Jones; National, Beatty and Southgate; Peoples, Bryan and Watson; Socialistic Labor, blank; free silver, Bryan and Sewall, and sound money, blank.

—A lady who had purchased a ticket for herself and little girl from Cresson to Houtzdale on Friday morning and placed them in her pocketbook lost both in some unaccountable manner. The presumption being that she placed her pocketbook on the seat for a moment to arrange some baggage and it was picked up by some likes who were congregated around the ticket window and station. The lady and girl became almost frantic with grief at their loss as they were among strangers and had no money. Rev. T. W. Rosensteel, of Tyrone, and P. H. Walls, of Frugality, who were waiting on their trains kindly came to her assistance and purchased tickets. Father Rosensteel in the goodness of his heart gave her $10 also.—*Gallitzin Times.*

—Dean Howe, of Pittsburg, and Miss Jennie Lydick, of Indiana, were married a few days ago in Punxsutawney. The next day the couple drove to the home of a relative of the bride, intending to spend the night there and then return to Indiana. That evening, however, the honeymoon was cut short by the sudden departure of Howe, and he has not been seen or heard of since. It is said he was being followed by a detective for stealing a bicycle in Pittsburg. The bride returned to her home in Indiana and has been prostrated ever since. Mrs. Howe is a dressmaker, and it is said she drew $100 from the bank the day they left for Punxsutawney, a good portion of which she gave her husband. They had known each other but a short time.

—On the 8th inst., after an unusually difficult experience, says the Philipsburg *Journal*, in consequence of insufficient water, Simon Flinn succeeded in getting into the Williamsport boom the last of a drive of 60,000,000 feet of timber. Some idea of the extra expense involved in getting that amount of timber to market when you do not have smooth sailing may be inferred when we state that during the drive there was a period of three weeks when it was necessary for him to have 135 men and 16 teams employed at an outlay of $400 a day. This sort of experience would scare most men out of the business entirely, but a man like Mr. Flynn doesn't lose much sleep over it. Perhaps no man in all this section of the country has driven as many rafts down the Susquehanna as Mr. Flynn, and he has always been recognized as one of the most successful lumbermen in all this section of the country.

Portage Man in Trouble.

The Altoona *Tribune* of Thursday says: Charles McKenzie, a resident of Portage, came to town yesterday, evidently to have a good time. In the early portion of the evening he cultivated a jag of the pronounced type, then started out to let the people know of it. About 8:30 o'clock last evening he struck Gospel Hill, where, exhilirated by the mixture of fresh air and rum, he fairly sizzled over. With a 38-calibre revelver in his hand he journeyed to Seventeenth avenue and Sixteenth street, where he burst like a cyclone on a bevy of women, scattering them right and left as he held his revolver in the air and discharged it promiscuously.

The frightened women fled screaming to their homes, but the bad man from Portage was not yet satisfied with the wild excitement he was creating. Finding a gate open he rushed into a Seventeenth avenue home, yelling like a Comanche and banging his revolver at each yelp. Women and children fled wildly in every direction, and in a few minutes the hill was agog with excitement. Officer Morrow finally arrived and placed the bad man under arrest. At the police station he pretended to be a deaf mute, as little was got of him beside his name. He will be heard to-day.

Real Estate Transfers.

James Seeley et ux. to John Brown, West Taylor; consideration, $100.

Security Building & Loan association to James Riley, Gallitzin borough, $131.

James Reilley et ux. to William T. Reilly, Gallitzin township, $1.

Daniel Plouse to Thomas Barnes, Barnesboro, $200.

Margaret Fogle et al. to L. D. Stiffler, Lilly.

J. F. Goughnour et ux. to Supervisors of West Taylor township, West Taylor, $15.

Anton Reik et ux. to Michael Lorditch, Lower Yoder, $200.

Cambria Iron company to Annie M. Heading, Westmont, $1,680.

Albert Plummer to Morrellville Building & Loan association, Morrellville, $600.

S. H. Burckhart et ux. to Samuel Wissinger, East Conemaugh, $300.

Joseph D. Miller et ux. to Anthony W. Miller, Croyle, $1.

Ann McMahon to Charles McMahon, West Taylor, $1.

Ann McMahon to Edward McMahon, West Taylor, $1.

Simon P. Lantzy et ux. to Sidney Chandler, Susquehanna, $172.

Horse Stolen.

On Friday night of last week a dark brown mare about nine or ten years old, and waighing about 1,200 pounds, was stolen out of the barn of George Sensebaugh, in Jackson township, about four and a half miles west of Ebensburg. An old wagon, saddle and a halter were also taken. Mr. Sensebaugh traced the mare out to the turnpike and learned from a neighbor, John Gray, that the mare had passed his place with a man riding, going West, about 11 o'clock. No further trace of the thief and mare could be found. The same night three other horses were stolen from Messrs. Allison and McGuire who who reside on the old Stiffler farm, a mile or two from Mr. Sensebaugh's, but they were found the next day, having been turned loose near Mr. Sensebaugh's place.

After the above was set in type we learn that Mr. Sensebaugh's horse was found running loose near Mineral Point on Saturday morning and on his arrival home on Monday evening after hunting the animal several days, recovered it.

Under a Freight Train.

Fred Hellers, an Altoona brewer, was badly injured on Sunday. He had been temporarily suspended from labor on account of lack of work, and for the purpose of going east to visit his brother at New York, proceeded to the railroad at Ninth street with the intention of boarding a freight train. To avoid getting wet, a shower having came up, Hellers crawled under a box car, and while there the train started, and in his effort to escape his left hand was caught under a wheel of the car and ground off at the wrist, then his legs were caught by the brake-rigging and his feet thrown under the wheels, the right one being ground off at the ankle and the left one crushed almost into a jelly. The arm and leg were amputated at the hospital. It is thought the other foot will be saved. Hellers is 36 years old, and being of sound constitution, it is thought he will recover.

The Duty of Voting.

In the course of his speech the other day at the Cleveland centennial celebration, Senator Joseph R. Hawley, coming down from the historical part of his address to the duties of the hour, boiled down a wholesome lecture into this paragraph:

"It is necessary that every man should vote always; that he should take an interest in nominations to be made and that he should be ready with his voice and his arguments to defend his opinions. The most discouraging of all Americans is the man who, with an air sometimes of superior virtue, declares, 'I take no interest in politics, I seldom, if ever, vote.'"

Senator Hawley never expressed more truth in fewer words. It is the duty of every citizen to vote, and in appreciation of his citizenship as well as of his personal welfare, to be interested in the shaping of public affairs.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Thursday, Aug. 27th, 1896:

Mike Shory and Maria Medralonka, Johnstown.

Herman Hoffman, Dale, and Leonora Pabst, Anderson, Indiana.

Andrew W. Keiper and Mary E. Smith, Adams township.

Joseph S. Springer, Shanksville, Somerset county, Pa., and Henriette M. Hoffman, Berlin, Somerset county, Pa.

John Benjamin Anderson, Van Ormer, and Clarissa May Rickard, Frugality.

Wilburt J. Gray and Anna M. Graves, Johnstown.

John A. Stibbich and Anna Wess, Johnstown.

Joseph Petrona and Rosanna Sheridan, Frugality.

A Card of Thanks.

The Ladies Industrial society of the Presbyterian church desires to express to Miss Baker and Messrs. Speyer and Leaman, their sincere thanks and appreciation of the very pleasing entertainment they so kindly gave for the benefit of the Presbyterian church.

—If you want to vote get registered. September 2d is the last day.

Sheriff's Sales.

The following properties will be disposed of at sheriff's sale at the court house, in Ebensburg, on Monday, September 7th, at 1 o'clock.

All the right, title and interest of Owen Ingoldsby, the same being an undivided one-half interest in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate partly in the township of Washington and partly in the township of Portage.

All the right, title and interest of John Piscura and Anna Pikura, of, in and to all that certain piece, parcel or lot of ground situate in the borough of Barnesboro, having thereon erected a two-story dwelling house containing five rooms, now occupied by John Piscura. Taken in execution at the suit of Thomas Brown.

All the right, title and interest of Samuel Silberstein of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Cambria, containing 77 acres.

All the right, title and interest of Laura B. Stewart and John P. Stewart, of in and to all that certain lot of land in the borough of Hastings, having thereon erected a large hotel building, containing eighteen rooms, and other outbuildings, now occupied by M. Gilpatrick. Taken in execution at the suit of the Independent Building and Loan association, of Altoona, Pa.

All the right, title and interest of Thos. E. Plunkett, Mrs. Ann Plunkett, Richard Plunkett, John Plunkett and Patrick Plunkett, of, in and to all that certain lot or piece of land situate in Tunnelhill, having erected thereon a two-story plank house, size 18 by 60, containing eight rooms, now occupied by R. J. Plunkett; a two-story plank house, size 16 by 32, containing four rooms, now occupied by Patrick Plunkett, and a two-story plank house containing six rooms, now occupied by Mr. —— Irvin. Taken in execution at the suit of the Workingman's Building & Loan association.

All the right, title and interest of James Gibson, in and to that certain piece or parcel of land situate in Blacklick township, containing 100 acres, having thereon erected a two-story plank dwelling house and a log barn, now occupied by Gilbert Williams. Taken in execution at the suit of Richard L. Thomas.

All the right, title and interest of Robert H. Yeager and Bertha B. Yeager and William McDonnell, J. C. Patrick, and John McNamara, to a certain tract of land lying and being in the town of Patton. Taken in execution at the suit of Joshia C. Stoddard and Addison G. Dubois, trustees of the Washington National Building & Loan association, of Washington, D. C.

All the right, title and interest of Henry J. Conway, of, in and to a tract of land situate in Gallitzin township, containing 100 acres, more or less, and having thereon four dwelling houses and necessary outbuildings. Taken in execution at the suit of the Gallitzin Building association.

All the right, title and interest of John A. and Peter Hamilton in and to all those three certain pieces or parcels of land situate in Washington township.

All the right, title and interest of Robert F. Notley to all the half interest of a piece of land in Susquehanna township. To be sold at the suit of A. W. Buck.

All the right, title and interest of Rose McGough and Peter McGough, of in, and to five pieces of land in Portage, Portage township and Washington township. Taken in execution at the suit of the Jefferson Loan & Building association, of Altoona, Pa.

To Celebrate a Century.

Next month the old town of Huntingdon will celebrate the end of its first hundred years of existence, and, like the American, when he does anything, it will be done with considerable enthusiasm. Huntingdon is a picturesque settlement among the mountains, and has been, from the date of its founding, one of the historic points in the state. Unfortunately, it could never strike the industrial gait that is always the ambition of the yankee community. But in spite of its disappointments, Huntingdon is progressive and modern. A great many lines of business are followed in the old town, and many places would be glad of the things that the inhabitant of Huntingdon sometimes counts as of little importance.

Huntingdon has had evil luck in some of its aspirations. Big enterprises have not all passed the town by, but some that promised well have been overtaken with disaster, which does not argue, however, that such will always be the case. Still, it is not as an industrial town that Huntingdon is best known. The student of Pennsylvania history recalls it as one of frontier outposts, one of the links that bound civilization to the advance guards who crossed the summits and cut out the empire that has grown up in the "west." And long after the stirring frontier post had seen the real limbs of civilization pass far beyond it, it became a point of importance on the canal, as it did later when the railroad was pushed up the valley. Here again fate treated the community harshly, for the railroad and canal, as well as the march of the pioneer, stopped with Huntingdon only long enough to encourage the community, and then moved further westward.

But Huntingdon has thrived, at any rate, and the man who comes from the thrifty community never has to carry a map to explain where his town is. Wherefore the people of the said little city have ample cause to celebrate next month and to be proud of their town. Huntingeon is all right, and has still more centuries ahead of her to grow and prosper in.—*Pittsburg Times.*

Escaped from His Keepers.

All day long on Friday last a respectable looking, man rode one the Bridesburg, Philadelphia, trolley cars. He paid his fare promptly, and therefore evoked no comment, until each conductor had taken him over the entire length of the route several times. Finally two conductors mentioned the queer actions of the trolley-car rider to one another, and Policeman Schmidt, of the Twenty-fourth district, was informed. When the latter had made up his mind to at least have a talk with the persistent trolley passenger, he had disappeared.

Shortly before midnight he was discovered wandering aimlessly about in the meadows near Bridesburg. Although to most questions the obviously deranged man gave queer replies, he furnished Schmidt with his correct name, which he said was John Thompson. Investigation revealed that the unbalanced man was 30 years old, married, and a resident of Curwensville, Clearfield county. On Thursday last several of his relatives left home with him, to take him to an asylum in Philadelphia, but he escaped from them. The police immediately informed Thompson's relatives of his apprehension.

Constables' Fees Cut Down

Judge Bell, at Hollidaysburg, Thursday, handed down an opinion in the case of Constable John Roe, of Altoona, against the Blair county commissioners for serving subpoenas issued in the court. The decision will cause consternation among the constables. Roe has charged his fee under the law of 1893, allowing constables to charge 50 cents for subpoenas and 10 cents for each mile traveled. The commissioners refused to pay the bill and the case was appealed. In his opinion Judge Bell decided that in serving such subpoenas the constable acts as a deputy sheriff, and is entitled to only 15 cents for subpoenas and six cents for each mile traveled. It is expected that the constables will combine and hereafter refuse to serve such subpoenas.

Miscellaneous Notices.

ONE HORSE hay rakes for sale cheap at DUFTON'S. July 24 tf.

GO to DUFTON'S for fruit cans.

$40 per month and expenses paid good men for taking orders. Steady work and will furnish fine outfit and choice territory. Apply Protective Nurseries, Geneva, N. Y. July 3 4m.

WANTED.—A general representative in this county to organize local boards for the Artisans' Savings and Loan Association. Address 91 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa. mch22

WANTED—A reliable man to represent a loan institution in Cambria county. Money loaned in sums of $100 to $10,000. For particulars apply to W. M. DAVIS, Coalport, Pa. mch2tf.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the Key Building, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in July, $2,000.00. THOS. DAVIS, President. LESTER LARIMER, Secretary.

AT THE OLD RELIABLE.

Everybody, and especially the oyster-loving people of Ebensburg, are invited to call at Robt. McBreen's Old Reliable Restaurant, when they want good, fresh Oysters, by the pint, quart or gallon Or you can have them Stewed or Fried, all at the lowest price. Fresh Oysters every day. oct11tf

Announcements.

FOR COMMISSIONER: ROBERT FERGUSON, of Blacklick township, will be a candidate for the office of County Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, subject to the decision of the next county convention.

FOR ASSEMBLY. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention. C. F. FRAZER.
Hastings, Pa., July 17, 1896.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention. P. E. DILLON.
Elder Township, July 17, 1896.

FOR COMMISSIONER: I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention. THOMAS HOOVER.
Cambria township, July 31, 1896.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR. I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of Director of the Poor, subject to the decision of the Democratic county convention. RAPHAEL HITE.

An Ordinance.

An ordinance granting the Johnstown Telephone Company, its successors and assigns, the right to erect and maintain poles and wires for telephone purposes in the borough of Lilly.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted and ordained by the Burgess and Town Council of the Borough of Lilly, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, that the privilege be and is hereby granted to the Johnstown Telephone Company, its successors and assigns, to erect maintain and operate its line of telephone, including the necessary poles, wires and fixtures upon, along, and over the several streets, lanes, alleys and highways of the borough of Lilly and to make connections with its patrons by means of connecting wires.

SECTION 2. The poles shall be placed immediately inside and adjoining the curbstone on the streets, and in the alleys and lanes, on the side thereof, and shall be of sufficient length that the wires shall be at least fifteen feet from the ground, and at all streets, highways and alley crossings the wires shall not be less than twenty feet above the level of the street, highway or alley crossed. The poles shall be straight and set firmly in the ground as nearly perpendicular as practicable. In the event of any pole being adjudged in an unsafe condition by the street commissioner, the company shall upon being notified of the same by the street commissioner, proceed forthwith to replace said pole if decayed, or to reset it if loose or leaning, to a condition of safety, and on failure to do so, the same shall be done by the borough authorities and the said company shall pay all expenses connected therewith. All poles set on public street curbline shall be painted at the expense of said company, and when setting or resetting the poles all surplus dirt shall be removed and the paving on the sidewalks shall be placed in as good condition as it was before being disturbed by said company.

SECTION 3. The said company shall be responsible for all injuries to persons or damage to property that may be caused by the erection and maintenance of its poles and wires.

SECTION 4. Neither the borough authorities nor any person or corporation shall be held liable by the said company for any damage, nor shall any action be maintained by said company against the said borough, its officials, or any person or corporation for cutting or removing the wires in case of fire when the same shall be believed to be necessary to subdue or prevent the spread of the flames.

SECTION 5. It is especially stipulated that the rights and privileges granted by and under this ordinance shall in no manner interfere with the rights and privilege heretofore or which may be granted hereafter to any company or corporation operating with electricity or other power or means, by means of wires or other means within the limits of the borough or passing through the same.

SECTION 6. That the Johnstown Telephone Company place in the municipal building of Lilly borough a 'phone free of charge for official use, free in Cambria county.

SECTION 7. This ordinance shall become operative, effective and obligatory upon the said Johnstown Telephone Company filing with the borough clerk its acceptance of this ordinance under the seal of the said corporation, within ninety days of the date of the approval hereof by the burgess, and said acceptance shall be recorded by the borough clerk in the book for recording of ordinances of the borough.

Passed finally in council May 25th, 1896.
M. K. PIPER, President of Council.
Approved June 29th, 1896.
A. E. KREBS, Burgess.
Attest, JOHN W. RAINEY, Clerk.
Aug 7 3t.

An Ordinance.

An ordinance granting the Central District and Printing Telegraph Company the right to erect poles.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the burgess and council of Lilly borough and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same that the privilege be and is hereby granted the Central District and Printing Telegraph Company to erect and maintain such poles in and upon the streets of the said borough of Lilly, as may be necessary for the purpose of erecting and constructing lines of telegraph and telephone wires through the said borough to places of business, works, manufacturing establishments, offices and houses of subscribers within the borough limits for telegraph and telephone purposes.

SECTION 2. That the poles be erected under this ordinance shall be located under the direction of the Council of the borough of Lilly.

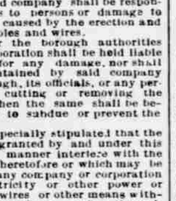
SECTION 3. That it is hereby expressly understood and agreed between the borough of Lilly and the Central District and Printing Telegraph Company that the privileges heretofore granted by the former are given in consideration of the latter agreeing for itself, its successors and assigns, that when the borough of Lilly shall adopt a fire alarm telegraph, the said Central District and Printing Telegraph company shall permit the fire alarm wires to be run upon all the poles of said company without charge, within the limits of the borough aforesaid, also that said company shall place a telephone in the municipal building for the use of the council only in transacting official business in Cambria county.

SECTION 4. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the provisions of this ordinance be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in council this 27th day of July, A. D., 1896. M. K. PIPER, President of Council.
Approved July 27th, 1896.
A. E. KREBS, Burgess.
Attest, JOHN W. RAINEY, Clerd.
Aug 7 3t.

ELY'S CREAM BALM CATARRH

Is quickly absorbed. Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Allays Pain and Inflammation, Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from Additional Cold. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell.



It Will Cure COLD IN HEAD

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York. nov.10.94.ly

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having been appointed auditor by the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, to hear and determine the questions raised by the petition of Samuel Marsh in re sale by D. W. Coulter, sheriff of said county, of the real estate of Caron Lesher, I will sit at my office in the borough of Ebensburg, on SATURDAY the 5TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1896, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of discharging the duties of said appointment when and where all persons interested may attend.

H. H. MYERS, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Pa., Aug. 21st, 1896 3t.

FOR SALE. FOR SALE.

The following articles will be sold cheap for cash or with good security:

2 two horse wagons 2 pair bob sleds, 1 one-horse sled, one Empire binder, one Champion mowing machine, 1 spring tooth harrow, 1 4-inch belt, 1 sets work harness, collars bridles, harness, chains and a general line of farming implements. Inquire of M. D. BEARER.
Aug 28 tf.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

H. A. SHOEMAKER.

DEALER IN

STOVES, RANGES, FURNACES,

Roofing and Spouting.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS OF ALL KINDS.

Tread Powers, Threshers and Separators, Iron and Wood Pumps, Fence Wire, Etc., Etc.,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

JOS. HORNE & CO.

'Twill Pay

to buy for next season if not needed this.

Fine French Organdies

in light and dark grounds, some new designs among them just received, bought to sell at

25c. a Yard.

Fine Irish Dimities,
Fine Irish Linen Lawns,
Fine French Baptistes,

light, dark and medium colors, reduced from 25c., 30c. and 35c. to

15c. a Yard.

WRITE OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT for Samples of these handsome new Fall Dress Goods and Suitings fast coming in.

PENN AVENUE AND FIFTH STREET, PITTSBURG.

orphan's Court Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

By virtue of an order of the Orphan's court of Cambria county, Pennsylvania, to me directed, I will expose to public sale on the premises in Clearfield township, in said county of Cambria, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 5TH 1896,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Clearfield, county of Cambria and state of Pennsylvania, on the public road between Chest Springs, and Ashville, adjoining lands of Sutton heirs, David Littzinger's John S McHugh, Thomas Miller and others, containing

200 ACRES

more or less, and having thereon erected on one end of the land a large TWO STORIED FRAME HOUSE and large Bank Barn and outbuildings and on the other end of the land a TWO-STORIED

FRAME HOUSE

and Barn and outbuildings, all buildings being in good repair.

If it be desired by purchasers the said land will be divided into two parts by a designated line if thereby better prices can be obtained than by selling the land in one whole piece.

TERMS OF SALE.

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale; the balance of one-third at confirmation of sale; one third in one year, and the remaining third in two years from confirmation of sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

ANNA BURK,
Administratrix of the estate of Edward Burk, deceased.
Altoona, Pa., August 10, 1896 aug 14 3t.

S. L. REED. MATTHOT READE.

REED & READE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.
Office on Centre street. [4.28 93

KITTELL & LITTLE,
Attorneys at Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PENN'A
Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc. eh7-'89

J. F. McKENRICK, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, EBENSBURG, PA
Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, EBENSBURG, PENN
Office in Opera House, Center street.

PUBLIC SALE.

The following described land the property of the Cambria Coal & Iron company, will be sold at public sale at the South Fork Supply company's store in the borough of South Fork, Cambria county, Penna., at 1 o'clock, P. M., on

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 2D, 1896.

First: A tract of land in Adams township, said county, adjoining lands of the Mountain Coal company and lands warranted to Robert Mitchell and Weaver and Kauffman, Jacob Smay's heirs, Thomas W. Mitchell, Conrad Bierchenelder, John Burk, John E. Lovett, John H. Sittman's heirs and Barbara Grambling, containing

1,514 ACRES.

Second: A tract of land in Summerhill town adjoining lands of Gross and Wright, Chas. Evans, Mountain Coal company, J. C. Moorhead and others and the Bedford county line containing

923 ACRES.

Terms made known on day of sale.

GEO. F. HUFF, President.
Aug. 21, 2t.

WANTED SALESMEN,

We want one or two men in each County to take orders for Nursery Stock, and are willing to pay well for good work. We agree to REPLACE FREE anything that dies from natural causes.

We also have a choice line of SEED POTATOES. GIVE US A TRIAL.

THE HAWKS NURSERY COMPANY, ROCHESTER, N. Y.
Aug. 28 '96 4m.

THE FREEMAN and the Semi-Weekly Pittsburg POST at only $2.00 a year. All the news.

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WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

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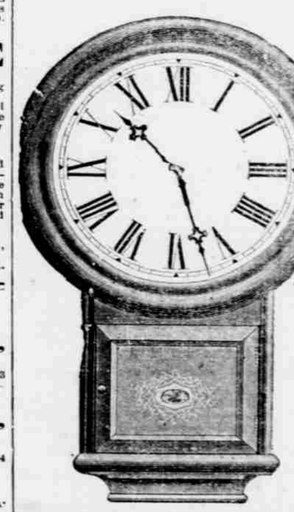


WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS —AND— OPTICAL GOODS.

SOLE AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED ROCKFORD WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches

In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS OF JEWELRY ALWAYS ON HAND.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

All work guaranteed.

CARL RIVINIUS.

AT C. A. SHARBAUGH'S!

You will find the most complete assortment of Spring Clothing, Hats, Shirts, Underwear and Shoes in the county at our store. You will find Men's All-Wool Suits as low as $5. Better ones from $6.50 to $18. Boys' Suits to fit boys age 14 to 19 years, from $4 to $15. Child's Suits, age 4 to 14 years, at $1, $1 50, $2, $3, $4 and $5—all well-made, neatly trimmed and perfect-fitting.

All the new shapes in Spring Hats and a Fine Line of Gents' Furnishings of every description. Also the best assortment in Northern Cambria of Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes from $1 to $3.50 the pair—all new goods and latest styles.

If you desire well-made and neat-fitting Clothing and Shoes it will more than pay you to buy from

C. A. SHARBAUGH,

CARROLLTOWN, PA.

Let Us Reason a Little.

If your horse casts a shoe, you get a horse shoer to reset it.
If you need a perplexing legal question solved, you go to

BRYAN COMING WEST.

Making Speeches Through New York State.

DINED WITH HILL AT ALBANY.

Several Prominent Democrats at the Same Table—Mr. Bryan Then Spoke to Fully 7,000 People—A Platform Broke Down at Utica.

ALBANY, Aug. 26.—The second day of William J. Bryan's trip westward from the seclusion of Red Hook was an eventful one, crowded with a variety of incidents of travel, including a picturesque reception at a summer hotel, a stirring speech to a crowd of workingmen at the town of Kingston, and culminating in a great meeting at Albany, where the candidate spoke to a crowd estimated at from 7,000 to 10,000 people, packed in the city hall square under the shadow of the state-house.

Before this demonstration Mr. and Mrs. Bryan sat down to a dinner with Senator Hill and prominent Albany Democrats at the senator's magnificent home titled "Wolfert's Roost," whither they were driven directly from the depot, where a strong-lunged crowd came near to mobbing them on their arrival. Those who met the Democratic candidate and his wife at Mr. Hill's much discussed dinner were: Supreme Court Judge D. Cady Herrick and wife, Louis W. Pratt, the collector of customs, and wife, Norton Chase, chairman of the city Democratic committee, which, with other local organizations,

SENATOR HILL'S HOME.

had the meeting in charge. For nearly three hours Mr. Bryan was the guest of the New York senator, and, although every participant in the dinner averred that it was purely a social affair, their descriptions were taken with a grain of salt, it being the general impression that an understanding was reached which will insure to Mr. Bryan the support of the party organization in the state.

Mr. Bryan, in his speech in city hall square, said that he endorsed every word of the Chicago platform, but that he expected the support of many Democrats, who are not willing to endorse all that the platform declares for. Then he said:

The Republican platform adopted at St. Louis declares that the gold standard must be maintained in this nation until other nations shall consent to its abandonment. We believe that this declaration which commits us to a gold standard until other nations come to our relief is equivalent to a declaration in favor of a permanent continuation of the gold standard, because we do not believe that other nations will take pity upon us before we take pity upon our own people. We have then to consider this question: ought the American people to submit longer to a gold standard? [Cries of "no, no."] The Democratic party has begun a war of extermination against the gold standard We ask no quarter, we give no quarter We shall prosecute our warfare until there is not an American citizen that dares to advocate a gold standard policy. [Cheers.] You ask why? We reply that the gold standard is a conspiracy against the human race, and that we would no more join it than we would join an army marching to despoil our home and destroy our families. [Applause.] I ask you not to take my word for the evils of the gold standard I call as a witness a gentleman whose voice has been heard in the councils of the Democratic party. I ask you if you are inclined to accuse me of using extravagant language, I ask you to read and reflect upon the language used by John G. Carlisle in 1878. In a speech made in congress he said:

"According to my opinion, the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation and otherwise from three-sevenths to one half the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. Its consummation would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilences and famines that ever occurred in the history of the world."

That is the language of John G. Carlisle. I believe he spoke the truth and if it was true then it is true today and will be true, no matter who may change his opinion or his course upon this question. Truths once uttered will live, no matter what may become of those who uttered those truths. Men cannot retract truths. That prophecy was spoken 18 years ago, and 18 years of fulfillment has enabled us to believe words which were believed by all at the time they were spoken. Our opponents tell us that the free coinage of silver is going to disturb business. I ask our opponents to write down the worst thing they can possibly think of as a possible consequence of the immediate restoration of the free coinage of silver, and when they have written their worst, I would place against the most dismal prophecy they can utter the works of John G. Carlisle and tell them that I would like the worst thing they could think of rather than bring a misery greater than war, pestilence and famine. [Applause.] Can you imagine the meaning of those words? No, my friends, the imagination cannot conceive, the tongue cannot describe all that is wrapped up in those words.

Some of our opponents say that they are afraid that we cannot maintain bimetallism alone. We reply to them that we have waited for 20 years for other nations to help us, and if we are going to restore bimetallism we have got to restore it alone, because others do not come to our assistance. [Applause.] What better than that we believe that the assertion of American independence will do more to bring about international bimetallism than a servile dependence upon our enemies to bring it to us. [Applause.] Our opponents say that all we need is a restoration of confidence. My friends, confidence must be a basis to rest upon. Our opponents say that unless we shape our financial policy to suit the pleasure of foreign nations they will not loan us any money. We reply that as long as we shape our financial policy according to their pleasure we will always be borrowers and can never be money-lenders ourselves. Confidence must rest upon a substantial basis.

Suppose that a man in your community gives out his notes until everybody has them and then somebody tries to collect a note and finds that the man has no property behind his notes, how can you restore confidence in that man, how can he inspire confidence in the community? Just in one way, and that is by putting property behind the notes that he has out. My friends how are you going to restore confidence in the United States by legislating value out of the property upon which notes rest? You have tried it and you have found that the bankruptcies have increased year by year and the only people who have prospered are those who own investments payable in dollars or money they are making out of the extremities of the government.

If you want to restore confidence you have got to restore prosperity to the great masses of the people, and talk as much about good property as they have been talking about good money. Money can be too good. It can be so good that you can long for it and pray for it, but cannot get hold of it. [Laughter.] Remember that whenever you make money dearer, when you increase its purchasing power, you have simply driven down the value of other things, and if those who own money, and who hold contracts payable in dollars are willing to so legislate as to make their property more valuable, how can they appeal to those who own property and owe debts to join them in that sort of legislation. I have asserted—I assert again—that without the aid of the money-owning classes the gold standard would not stand for one day in any nation.

I assert that behind the gold standard in this country, the only potent force consists of those who hold fixed investments and those who as brokers profit by the greater bond issues. They tell the laboring man of this nation that they ought to support a gold standard. The laboring men have never found the financiers of this nation men who have exerted themselves to improve the condition of the laboring man. As a rule the men who have spent their time trying to break down labor organizations—the only protection that the laboring man has had—these are the men who now come to the help of the laboring man. I ask you if you ought to expect blessings from those from whom you have only received curstings in the past? [Cries of "no, no."]

The party then boarded the train and went to Utica to spend the night.

While Mr. Bryan was speaking to the crowd at Utica, a platform broke down and a number received slight injuries. However, Mr. Bryan finished his speech to the big crowd present.

K. OF P. ENCAMPMENT.

Supreme Lodge and Different Brigade Meetings Held.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—Nearly every supreme representative to the supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias was in his place when Supreme Chancellor Richie called the lodge to order.

The meeting was held in the ball-room of the Pythian Temple on Huron street. The building on the exterior was beautifully decorated and the inside of the ballroom was a bower of flowers and emblematic designs of the order.

Chairman James Dunn of the committee on arrangements addressed the supreme representatives in a brief talk welcoming them in the name of the local Knights. He then introduced Mayor McKisson, who addressed the lodge. Chancellor Richie responded to Mayor McKisson's hearty welcome.

The lodge immediately went into secret session and, after being duly organized, conferred the supreme lodge rank on 48 new candidates. The reports of the officers were referred to committees.

General brigade meetings were held at the different state headquarters.

The parade this afternoon was pronounced by all those who participated the finest ever given at a biennial encampment. Certainly it was the greatest parade of the kind ever seen in this city. The line of march was about five miles long, and the streets throughout all that distance were packed with people. There were 4,500 men in line.

HOKE SMITH'S PLANS.

He Says He Will Devote His Time to Law Practice.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Secretary Hoke Smith has briefly outlined his plans in an interview. He said:

"I will retire from office on Sept 1, and it is my purpose to return to Atlanta at once.

"My resignation was due alone to the fact that I intend to support Bryan and Sewall. I have always voted the regular Democratic ticket, and shall make no exception this year.

"It is my purpose to devote my time to the practice of law and to my private business. I have, however, signified my willingness to make two or three speeches in Georgia for the state and national ticket, but the time necessary to the resumption of attention to my professional and private business will not permit me to enter actively into the campaign outside my own state."

Governor Francis, Secretary Smith's successor, will reach Washington some time before Tuesday, and is now closing up his affairs in Missouri. He has already formally signified his readiness to qualify on Sept. 1, when the resignation of Mr. Smith takes effect. The latter will leave immediately for the south.

BLACK FOR GOVERNOR.

The Gold Democrats of Illinois Nominate a State Ticket.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The gold standard Democrats nominated for governor John C. Black and a full state ticket. The convention was bitterly against Governor Altgeld and the Chicago platform, and it had no hesitancy in declaring its position.

The platform omitted any reference to Governor Altgeld, although Monday night it was the intention to allude to him in terms more or less pointed. He was denounced by many of the speakers, however, and President Cleveland's name was cheered every time it was mentioned.

The platform had but little to say regarding silver, but was uncompromising in its declaration for the gold standard.

THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Woodmansee a Leading Candidate For the Presidency.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 26.—The National Republican League convention is in session here.

D. D. Woodmansee of Ohio responded to the welcome of the mayor of Milwaukee and President Harper of the Wisconsin League.

Today the convention will decide whether or not to hold the convention biennially instead of yearly. The league presidential contest has narrowed down to D. D. Woodmansee of Ohio, Charles U. Gordon of Illinois and General McAlpin of New York. John W. Webster of Nebraska and F. B. Conaway of Iowa having announced their withdrawal. The selection of a city for holding the next convention will also be decided today.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $246,214,891; gold reserve, $102,209,324.

STATE HAPPENINGS.

Senator Tillman spoke on silver at Pottsville.

A double-bodied calf was born on the mountains near Scranton.

Thieves entered Grace Baptist temple and stole over $100, at Philadelphia.

Thomas Carroll of Carbondale died from a beating received from an unknown assailant.

Electricity is to be used in handling coal in the Cross Creek company's mines at Hazelton.

Executions were issued against R. J. Allen, Son & Co., on judgment notes for $48,850 at Philadelphia.

Senator Quay said at Philadelphia he believed that Senator Cameron is not a candidate for re-election.

The Friends' conference at Swarthmore heard reports on the philanthropic work of the seven yearly meetings.

Democratic State Chairman Garman has issued a call for the state convention to meet at Harrisburg, Sept. 10.

Judge Waddell of West Chester has granted a new trial to Thomas W. Elvin of Phœnixville, found guilty of murdering his two children.

After a heated discussion of free coinage at Thirty-sixth and Wharton streets, Philadelphia, William Battersby, it is charged, stabbed William T. Walls.

Mayor Warwick of Philadelphia is preparing for an appropriate reception to Li Hung Chang, the distinguished Chinese statesman, who is to visit that city on Sept. 3.

It has been discovered that John Jenkins, the thief who was shot at Bedford station, N. Y., on Thursday night, was the "Sandy Jack" of a gang that terrorized Lehigh county 16 years ago.

Sharpshooters of the national guard of Pennsylvania have gone into Camp J. K. Siegfried, at Mt. Gretna, for rifle practice. The camp is named in honor of the late commander of Third brigade.

The congressional conferees of the Ninth district met at Reading and ratified the nomination of Daniel Ermentrout. The candidate made a speech declaring himself loyal to the Chicago platform and nominees.

Police Lieutenant Albert C. Allison of the Thirteenth district, Philadelphia, was discharged from the force, accused of neglect of duty in not reporting to his superior officers the existence of speakeasies in his district.

HOBART IS PLEASED.

Approves of McKinley's Plan Not to Stump.

CALLED ON THE MAJOR AT CANTON

He Then Went to his Home In the East. Editor Kohlsatt also Called—A Number of Delegations Expected In Canton This Week.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—Garrett A. Hobart, Republican nominee for vice president, who paid Major McKinley a visit at Canton, proceeding eastward from here for his eastern home. Mr. Hobart is understood to have said at Canton that the situation in the east is as bright as the Republicans could wish it and that every eastern state will surely cast its electoral vote for the Republican ticket.

The only fight in the campaign is in several of the western states. Mr. Hobart also expressed his hearty approval of Major McKinley's determination not to take the stump, but to remain at his home in Canton discussing the issues of the campaign to the visiting delegations, as he has done up to the present. It is understood that Hobart's program is the same, at least to the extent of not taking the stump during the campaign.

H. H. Kohlsaat, who arrived on the same train as did Mr. Hobart, has gone west to Chicago. Mr. Kohlsaat reported the campaign as progressing entirely satisfactory to the Republicans. The fight is confined to the west, he thinks, and the work of the Republican committee continues to bear satisfactory fruits. Realizing that Major McKinley's time would be well occupied by the visit of Mr. Herbert the delegates to the Teachers' institute did not call yesterday, as arranged, but called today. Additional delegations are announced for this week.

The league delegates from the Milwaukee convention will arrive tomorrow. Railway workers starting from Chicago and picked up enroute, come on Friday. Three delegations are booked for Saturday, one made up of commercial travelers, a workingmen's club from Columbus and German residents of Cleveland.

According to present plans Major McKinley's letter of acceptance will become public property on Thursday morning.

PLATT DECLINED.

He Refused to Take the Republican Nomination For Governor.

SARATOGA, Aug. 26.—Mr. Platt absolutely refused to be the Republican nominee for governor.

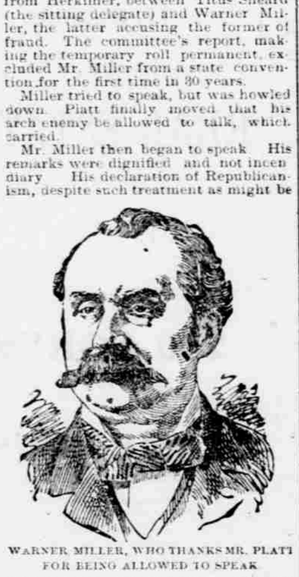
As a result 14 candidates are struggling for the nomination, the leaders being Aldridge and Fish. Two ballots were fruitless.

The platform adopted endorses the St. Louis platform, McKinley and Hobart, Governor Morton's administration and strongly condemns free silver.

The most interesting contest before the credentials committee was that from Herkimer, between Titus Sheard (the sitting delegate) and Warner Miller, the latter accusing the former of fraud. The committee's report, making the temporary roll permanent, excluded Mr. Miller from a state convention for the first time in 30 years.

Miller tried to speak, but was howled down. Platt finally moved that his arch enemy be allowed to talk, which carried.

Mr. Miller then began to speak. His remarks were dignified and not incendiary. His declaration of Republicanism, despite such treatment as might be



WARNER MILLER, WHO THANKS MR. PLATT FOR BEING ALLOWED TO SPEAK.

accorded him, brought forth a storm of applause, and his declaration of loyalty to the party was similarly received.

He began his address with a mild, sarcastic reference to Mr. Platt by saying:

"I did not believe that this convention would refuse me a hearing. But it seems to me, sir, that it took the power of one man (Platt) to grant me that hearing, and I return to him my thanks for the courtesy of commanding this convention to give me a hearing."

He then took his seat among the spectators, being wildly cheered.

STILL ON A MAN HUNT.

A Posse After the Desperadoes Near McKeesport.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 26.—A man named Painter from Versailles borough imparted to Detective Biernkrant of McKeesport the startling information that John Parker early yesterday had entered the house of a man near the approach to Snake hollow and inquired for something to eat.

The woman who answered his call did not know who he was. She stated she would prepare a meal. The woman departed, but Parker became suspicious and took to his heels and making good his escape. When the woman found him gone she also became suspicious and realized that the man must have been Parker.

She gave the alarm, aroused a posse of armed citizens, who went in the direction taken by Parker.

A posse continues to scour the country back of Cherry Lane in quest of Parker and Russell.

Town Destroyed by Fire.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Aug. 26.—Ontonagon, Mich., has been destroyed by fire. Of the city of about 2,000 population hardly a house is left standing. Among the property destroyed is the extensive plant of the Diamond Match company and 60,000,000 feet of lumber in their yards. Conservative estimates place the loss at $1,500,000. No lives were lost.

Outlaw Bill Doolin Killed.

GUTHRIE, O. T., Aug. 26.—United States Marshal Heck Thomas and deputies are enroute to this city from 40 miles east with the body of Bill Doolin, the noted outlaw. They killed him in a battle near Clayton, Payne county. One deputy was wounded. Doolin had been staying with his wife in Payne county since his escape from the federal jail here July 4.

Defeated the American Yacht.

TOLEDO, Aug. 26.—The Canadian cup defender, Canada, defeated the Chicago challenger in the first race for the international trophies. The winner made the course in 5 hours and 49 minutes, or 11 minutes within the time limit. It was mostly a drifting match.

Sultan of Zanzibar Dead.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The state department has received a cable message to the effect that the sultan of Zanzibar is dead. The cable message adds that Said Alid holds the palace. Sailors and marines were landed, as rioting is feared.

WHITNEY-VANDERBILT.

Representatives of Two Wealthy Families Married at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 26.—The wedding of Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, to Mr. Harry Payne Whitney, oldest son of the former secretary of the navy, William C. Whitney, took place at "The Breakers," the Vanderbilt summer residence. Although the wedding has been awaited with great interest, it was, in a way, a disappointment to the exclusive set in society here, owing to its simplicity. This was necessarily so on account of the state of Mr. Vanderbilt's health. Only a few people were present.

HENRY P. WHITNEY—MISS GERTRUDE VANDERBILT.

The legal marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. George F. Magill, D. D., rector of Trinity church, of which Mr. Vanderbilt is a member. It was originally intended that Bishop Potter should act in this capacity, but Rhode Island laws forbid a clergyman from another state to perform a wedding ceremony here. Therefore the plan was changed and Bishop Potter delivered the benediction.

The bride and her attendants assembled in the upper hall and proceeded down the grand stairway. The bride entered the room on the arm of Mr. Chauncey M. Depew and proceeded to the priedieu, where she was met by the groom. Miss Vanderbilt was given away by her father, who was wheeled into the room on a reclining chair.

Miss Vanderbilt's gown was from Paris and was of white satin trimmed with old lace, which has been in the family for years. She wore her mother's bridal veil. She carried a boquet of stephanotis and gardenias.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Sloane, Shepard, Gerry and Taylor. Mr. Payne Whitney, who has just returned from Europe, was the best man and the ushers were Messrs. Frank Folk, Columbus Baldwin, L. Conner and Alfred Vanderbilt, brother of the bride.

After the ceremony the couple passed into the gray room to receive their guests.

Silverites Fuse In California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 26.—The union in this state between silver forces on presidential electors is complete. The Peoples party state executive committee has decided in favor of the proposed agreement giving five electors to the Democratic party and four to the Populists.

Fusion Being Arranged.

BAY CITY, Mich., Aug. 26.—The session of the three conventions, Democratic, Populist and Silver, effected little more than permanent organization and the adoption of the reports of the ordinary committees. The Democrats approved the platform and nominees of the Chicago convention. Fusion is being arranged.

Epidemic of Typhoid Fever.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 26.—The hamlet of Riversville, in Marion county, is passing through an epidemic of typhoid fever, nearly every family in the place being afflicted. Three new cases broke out, making a total of 25 persons now sick. The majority of the cases are doing well, though they are all in the early stages and the final results can not be predicted. The cause of the epidemic has not yet been found.

Terrible Tragedy In Tennessee.

DANVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 26.—Two men have shot and fatally injured Ab Hinson, a well-known farmer, from ambush as the farmer was enroute home. It is reported that Ive Hinson, the wounded man's son, shot and killed one of the Wiggins brothers, who were charged with the shooting of Hinson's father, and cut his heart out.

Irish Agitator Goes Crazy.

SKIBBEREEN, Aug. 26.—Alfred George Whitehead, the Irish-American political prisoner who was released from Portland prison last week, has become completely deranged after seeing his mother and disappeared soon afterward. He has not been seen since, although searchers have been scouring the neighborhood.

A Banker's Double Crime.

DOWELL, Mich., Aug. 26.—Charles Church, junior member of the private banking house of C. J. Church & Co., has shot and fatally wounded his wife and then committed suicide. The bank had closed its doors and Deputy Sheriff Cowan had called to serve a writ of attachment.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 69@70c; No. 2 red, 69@69c.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 32@32½c; No. 1 shelled, 30½@30¾c; high mixed shelled, 29½@29½c; mixed ear, 29@29c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 26½@27c; No. 2 do., 25½@26c; extra No. 3 white, 24½@25c; light mixed, 23@24c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $10.75@11.00; mixed clover, old, $8.00@9.50; packing, $7.00@7.25; No. 1 feeding prairie, $8.50@9.00; wagon hay, $15.00@16.00 for timothy.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 20½@21c; do creamery, 19@20c; Ohio, fancy creamery, 16@17c; fancy country roll, 14@15c; low grade and cooking, 6@7c.

CHEESE—Fancy New York, full cream, 8½@8¾c; new Ohios, full cream, 7½@7¾c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 13@13½c; limburger, 8½@9c; Ohio, Swiss in tubs, 12c; Swiss in square blocks, 13c.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 12½@13c; seconds, 10@11c.

POULTRY—Large live chickens, 60@70c per pair; live chickens, small, 50@55c; spring chickens, 20@40c per pair; dressed chickens, 12@13c per pound; dressed spring chickens, 12½@18½c.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 25.

CATTLE—Receipts fair on Monday; 80 cars on sale; market steady on best grades; slow to shade lower on all others. Receipts light; market steady. We quote prices: Prime, $4.40@4.50; good, $4.25@4.35; tidy, $4.05@4.15; good butchers, $3.90@4.10; fair, $3.50@3.90; common, $3.00@3.50; rough fat, $3.10@3.50; bulls, stags and cows, $2.00@3.50; bologna cows, per head, $5.00@15.00; fresh cows and springers, $15.00@40.00.

HOGS—Receipts were light on Monday, market ruled steady; today's receipts are very light and prices about 5c lower. We quote prices as follows: Prime light, $3.70@3.75; best medium, $3.65@3.70; common to fair Yorkers, $3.60@3.65; heavy, $3.25@3.35; roughs, $2.25@3.00.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Supply on Monday fair; 18 cars on sale; market for sheep steady; lambs 25 to 40 cents lower. Receipts today 5 cars; market steady. We quote prices as follows: Prime, $3.65@3.75; good, $3.40@3.60; fair, $3.00@3.25; common, $2.00@2.75; culls, 50c@$1.00. Lambs, choice, $5.00@5.25; common to good lambs, $3.00@4.50; veal calves, $6.25@6.50; heavy and thin calves, $3.00@4.00.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 25.

HOGS—Market active at $3.30@3.55. Receipts, 3,600 head; shipments, 1,700 head.

CATTLE—Market steady at $2.25@4.25. Receipts, 500 head; shipments, 400 head.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market dull for sheep at $1.50@3.25. Receipts, 3,800 head; shipments, 1,400 head. Lambs—Market weak at $3.75@5.25.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.

WHEAT—Spot market weak; No. 1 hard, 69½c.

CORN—Spot market weak; No. 2, 27½c.

OATS—Spot market weak; No. 2, 29½c.

CATTLE—No trading. European cables quote American steers at 10@11c per pound dressed weight; refrigerator beef, 8@8½c.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market steady, but better feeling all around. Sheep, $3.00@3.75; lambs, $3.50@5.75; few choice at $6.00.

HOGS—Market firm at $3.15@4.15.

EMINENTLY SUCCESSFUL

His Rooms are Crowded.

Everybody Satisfied.

Dr. McClellan,

Celebrated Specialist,

Formerly in charge of the Electrical and Medical Department of the Hale Sanatatian, Hot Springs, Ark., will be at the

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.,
—ON—
Monday, Aug. 24, 1896.

DR. McCLELLAN has been connected with the largest hospitals in the country, and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities. He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes. He will return to Ebensburg every four weeks during the coming year.

Treats all curable Medical and Surgical Diseases, Acute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsia, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Kidney, Liver, Bladder, Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases.

Epilepsy and Fits Cured.

A Positive Guarantee to

Young Men and Middle-Aged Men

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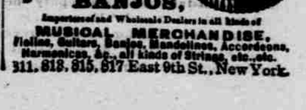

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